

Excel/CSV変換ツールのおかげで show ip routeのコピペ地獄から 解放された話

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- **仕事** ネットワークの運用
- **趣味** 面白ネタの実装
- **発表**
 - 2016/4/15 -JANOG 37.5 Interim Meeting
痒いところに手が届くネットワークリソースの視覚
 - 2017/1/19 - JANOG39
『紙の手順書』でルータ設定を半自動化してみた
with 二次元バーコードリーダー
 - 2017/9/1 - JANOG BoF & LT Night #2
pingアスキーアート



皆様、ぜひ試してください

```
# ping pong.kooshin.net repeat 1400
```

ITmedia NEWS

pingを打つと「にゃーん」を返すサービス、ネットワークエンジニアが開発

IPv4と **IPv6** の両方に対応。

<http://www.itmedia.co.jp/news/articles/1709/07/news106.html>

ネットワークエンジニアの皆さん

簡単なことから
コードを書いて
楽をしましょう

- show ip routeを
Excelに張り付けて
報告しないといけない
- CLIの実行結果を
TeraTermから
メモ帳にコピーして
Excelにコピー

人人人人人
> ツライ <
Y^Y^Y^Y



- **Python**

プログラミング言語。記述が簡潔で覚えやすい

- **TextFSM**

ネットワーク機器のコマンド実行結果を解析するPythonライブラリ

<https://github.com/google/textfsm>

- **NTC-Templates**

TextFSM用のテンプレート集

Arista/Brocade/Cisco/Juniperなどに対応

<https://github.com/networktocode/ntc-templates>

NTC-TemplatesはOSSで公開

- Cisco IOSは39種類のコマンドテンプレート
- cisco_ios_show_inventory.template

```
Value NAME (.*)
Value DESCR (.*)
Value PID (([¥S+]+|.*))
Value VID (.*)
Value SN ([¥w+¥d+]+)
```

変数のパターン定義

```
Start
^NAME:¥s+"${NAME}",¥s+DESCR:¥s+"${DESCR}"
^PID:¥s+${PID}.*.*VID:¥s+${VID},.*SN:¥s+${SN} -> Record
^PID:¥s+.*.*VID:¥s+${VID},.*SN: -> Record
^PID:¥s+${PID}.*.*VID:¥s+${VID},.*SN: -> Record
^PID:¥s+.*.*VID:¥s+${VID},.*SN:¥s+${SN} -> Record
^PID:¥s+${PID}.*.*VID:¥s+${VID}.*
^PID:¥s+.*.*VID:¥s+${VID}.*
^.*SN:¥s+${SN} -> Record
^.*SN: -> Record
```

ルールとアクションの定義

show ip routeを
Excel/CSVに変換

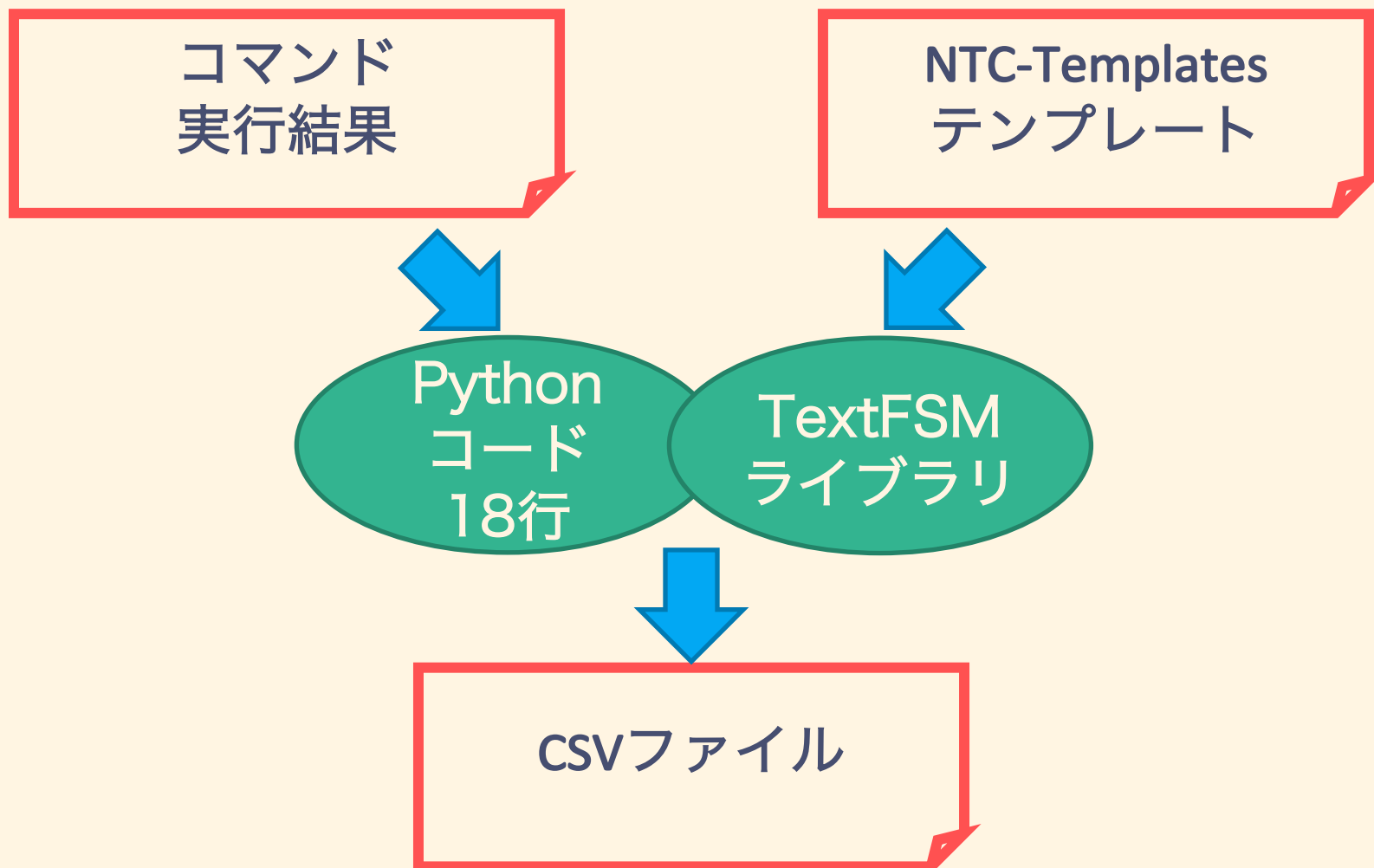
show ip routeの結果をExcel/CSVに変換

```
show_ip_route.txt - TeraPad
ファイル(F) 編集(E) 検索(S) 表示(V) ウィンドウ(W) ツール(T) ヘルプ(H)
1 csr1000v-1#show ip route
2 Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
3 D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
4 N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
5 E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
6 i - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2
7 ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default, U - per-user static route
8 o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route, H - NHRP, I - ISIS
9 a - application
10 + - replicated route, % - next hop override, p - overrides from Pfir
11
12 Gateway of last resort is not set
13
14 10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 12 subnets, 2 masks
15 O 10.0.0.4/30 [110/2] via 10.0.0.34, 5d13h, GigabitEthernet3
16 O 10.0.0.8/30 [110/3] via 10.0.0.34, 5d13h, GigabitEthernet3
17 O 10.0.0.12/30 [110/2] via 10.0.0.34, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet3
18 O 10.0.0.16/30 [110/3] via 10.0.0.34, 5d13h, GigabitEthernet3
19 O 10.0.0.20/30 [110/43] via 10.0.0.34, 5d13h, GigabitEthernet3
20 O 10.0.0.24/30 [110/4] via 10.0.0.42, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet2
21 O 10.0.0.28/30 [110/4] via 10.0.0.34, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet3
22 O 10.0.0.28/30 [110/3] via 10.0.0.42, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet2
23 O 10.0.0.28/30 [110/3] via 10.0.0.34, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet3
24 C 10.0.0.32/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet3
25 L 10.0.0.33/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet3
26 O 10.0.0.36/30 [110/2] via 10.0.0.42, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet2
27 C 10.0.0.40/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet2
28 L 10.0.0.41/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet2
29 S 192.168.0.0/32 is subnetted, 8 subnets
30 O 192.168.0.1 [110/4] via 10.0.0.34, 5d13h, GigabitEthernet3
31 O 192.168.0.2 [110/2] via 10.0.0.34, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet3
32 O 192.168.0.3 [110/3] via 10.0.0.34, 5d13h, GigabitEthernet3
33 O 192.168.0.4 [110/5] via 10.0.0.42, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet2
34 O 192.168.0.5 [110/5] via 10.0.0.34, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet3
35 O 192.168.0.5 [110/4] via 10.0.0.42, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet2
36 O 192.168.0.6 [110/4] via 10.0.0.34, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet3
37 O 192.168.0.6 [110/3] via 10.0.0.42, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet2
38 O 192.168.0.6 [110/3] via 10.0.0.34, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet3
39 C 192.168.0.7 is directly connected, Loopback0
40 O 192.168.0.8 [110/2] via 10.0.0.42, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet2
41 csr1000v-1#
42 [EOF]
```



show_ip_route.csv - Excel

PROT	TYPE	NETWORK	MASK	DISTANCE	METRIC	NEXTHOP_IP	NEXTHOP_IF	UPTIME
O		10.0.0.4	30	110	2	10.0.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	5d13h
O		10.0.0.8	30	110	3	10.0.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	5d13h
O		10.0.0.12	30	110	2	10.0.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	1w0d
O		10.0.0.16	30	110	3	10.0.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	5d13h
O		10.0.0.20	30	110	43	10.0.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	5d13h
O		10.0.0.24	30	110	4	10.0.0.42	GigabitEthernet2	1w0d
O		10.0.0.24	30	110	4	10.0.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	1w0d
O		10.0.0.28	30	110	3	10.0.0.42	GigabitEthernet2	1w0d
O		10.0.0.28	30	110	3	10.0.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	1w0d
C		10.0.0.32	30				GigabitEthernet3	
L		10.0.0.33	32				GigabitEthernet3	
O		10.0.0.36	30	110	2	10.0.0.42	GigabitEthernet2	1w0d
C		10.0.0.40	30				GigabitEthernet2	
L		10.0.0.41	32				GigabitEthernet2	
S		192.168.0.0	32					
O		192.168.0.1	32	110	4	10.0.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	5d13h
O		192.168.0.2	32	110	2	10.0.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	1w0d
O		192.168.0.3	32	110	3	10.0.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	5d13h
O		192.168.0.4	32	110	5	10.0.0.42	GigabitEthernet2	1w0d
O		192.168.0.5	32	110	5	10.0.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	1w0d
O		192.168.0.5	32	110	5	10.0.0.42	GigabitEthernet2	1w0d
O		192.168.0.6	32	110	3	10.0.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	5d13h
O		192.168.0.6	32	110	5	10.0.0.42	GigabitEthernet2	1w0d
O		192.168.0.6	32	110	3	10.0.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	1w0d
O		192.168.0.6	32	110	3	10.0.0.42	GigabitEthernet2	1w0d
O		192.168.0.6	32	110	3	10.0.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	1w0d
C		192.168.0.7	32				Loopback0	
O		192.168.0.8	32	110	2	10.0.0.42	GigabitEthernet2	1w0d



Pythonコード 18行 showiproute2csv.py

```
1 #!/usr/bin/env python
2 import sys
3 import textfsm
4 import csv
5 import ipaddress
6
7 # TextFSMで標準入力を解析
8 with open('cisco_ios_show_ip_route.template') as ftemplate:
9     fsm = textfsm.TextFSM(ftemplate)
10    routes = fsm.ParseText(sys.stdin.read())
11
12 # IPアドレス順、マスク順でソート
13 routes.sort(key=lambda r: (ipaddress.ip_address(r[2]), r[3]))
14
15 # 標準出力にCSV形式で出力
16 w = csv.writer(sys.stdout)
17 w.writerow(fsm.header)
18 w.writerows(routes)
```

```
$ python showiproute2csv.py ¥
< show_ip_route.txt ¥
> show_ip_route.csv
```

show_ip_route.txt

```

1 #
2 Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
3         O - OSPF, E1 - E1-OSPF external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
4         N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
5         E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
6         I - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2
7         ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default, U - per-user static route
8         o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route, H - NHRP, I - ISIS
9         a - application route
10        * - replicated route, % - next hop override, p - overrides from PFR
11
12 Gateway of last resort is not set
13
14
15 O 10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 12 subnets, 2 masks:
16 O 10.0.0.4/30 [110/2] via 10.0.0.34, 5d13h, GigabitEthernet3
17 O 10.0.0.8/30 [110/2] via 10.0.0.34, 5d13h, GigabitEthernet3
18 O 10.0.0.12/30 [110/2] via 10.0.0.34, 5d13h, GigabitEthernet3
19 O 10.0.0.16/30 [110/2] via 10.0.0.34, 5d13h, GigabitEthernet3
20 O 10.0.0.20/30 [110/2] via 10.0.0.34, 5d13h, GigabitEthernet3
21 O 10.0.0.24/30 [110/2] via 10.0.0.34, 5d13h, GigabitEthernet3
22 O 10.0.0.28/30 [110/2] via 10.0.0.34, 5d13h, GigabitEthernet3
23 O 10.0.0.32/30 [110/2] via 10.0.0.34, 5d13h, GigabitEthernet3
24 C 10.0.0.32/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet3
25 L 10.0.0.32/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet3
26 O 10.0.0.36/30 [110/2] via 10.0.0.42, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet2
27 C 10.0.0.36/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet2
28 L 10.0.0.41/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet2
29 O 192.168.0.0/2 is subnetted, 8 subnets
30 O 192.168.0.1 [110/2] via 10.0.0.34, 5d13h, GigabitEthernet3
31 O 192.168.0.2 [110/2] via 10.0.0.34, 5d13h, GigabitEthernet3
32 O 192.168.0.3 [110/2] via 10.0.0.34, 5d13h, GigabitEthernet3
33 O 192.168.0.4 [110/2] via 10.0.0.42, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet2
34 O 192.168.0.5 [110/2] via 10.0.0.34, 5d13h, GigabitEthernet3
35 O 192.168.0.6 [110/2] via 10.0.0.42, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet2
36 O 192.168.0.7 [110/2] via 10.0.0.34, 5d13h, GigabitEthernet3
37 O 192.168.0.8 [110/2] via 10.0.0.42, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet2
38 C 192.168.0.7 is directly connected, Loopback0
39 C 192.168.0.8 [110/2] via 10.0.0.42, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet2
40 O
41 [csr1000-1]#
42 [EOF]
```



show_ip_route.csv

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
1	PROT	TYPE	NETWORK	MASK	DISTANCE	METRIC	NEXTHOP_IP	NEXTHOP_IF	UPTIME
2	O		10.0.0.4	30	110	2	10.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	5d13h
3	O		10.0.0.8	30	110	3	10.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	5d13h
4	O		10.0.0.12	30	110	2	10.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	1w0d
5	O		10.0.0.16	30	110	3	10.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	5d13h
6	O		10.0.0.20	30	110	43	10.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	5d13h
7	O		10.0.0.24	30	110	4	10.0.42	GigabitEthernet2	1w0d
8	O		10.0.0.24	30	110	4	10.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	1w0d
9	O		10.0.0.28	30	110	3	10.0.42	GigabitEthernet2	1w0d
10	O		10.0.0.28	30	110	3	10.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	1w0d
11	C		10.0.0.32	32				GigabitEthernet3	
12	L		10.0.0.32	32				GigabitEthernet3	
13	O		10.0.0.36	30	110	2	10.0.42	GigabitEthernet2	1w0d
14	C		10.0.0.40	30				GigabitEthernet2	
15	L		10.0.0.41	32				GigabitEthernet2	
16	O		192.168.0.1	32	110	4	10.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	5d13h
17	O		192.168.0.2	32	110	2	10.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	1w0d
18	O		192.168.0.3	32	110	3	10.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	5d13h
19	O		192.168.0.4	32	110	5	10.0.42	GigabitEthernet2	1w0d
20	O		192.168.0.4	32	110	5	10.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	1w0d
21	O		192.168.0.5	32	110	4	10.0.42	GigabitEthernet2	1w0d
22	O		192.168.0.5	32	110	4	10.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	1w0d
23	O		192.168.0.6	32	110	3	10.0.42	GigabitEthernet2	1w0d
24	O		192.168.0.6	32	110	3	10.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	1w0d
25	C		192.168.0.7	32				Loopback0	
26	O		192.168.0.8	32	110	2	10.0.42	GigabitEthernet2	1w0d

show_ip_route.txt

```
28 L 10.0.0.41/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet2↓
29 192.168.0.0/32 is subnetted, 8 subnets↓
30 O 192.168.0.1 [111/4] via 10.0.0.34, 5d13h, GigabitEthernet3↓
31 O 192.168.0.2 [111/2] via 10.0.0.34, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet3↓
32 O 192.168.0.3 [111/3] via 10.0.0.34, 5d13h, GigabitEthernet3↓
33 O 192.168.0.4 [111/5] via 10.0.0.42, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet2↓
34 O 192.168.0.5 [111/5] via 10.0.0.34, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet3↓
35 O 192.168.0.6 [111/4] via 10.0.0.42, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet2↓
36 O 192.168.0.7 [111/4] via 10.0.0.34, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet3↓
37 O 192.168.0.8 [111/2] via 10.0.0.42, 1w0d, GigabitEthernet2↓
```

おわかりいただけただろうか？

show_ip_route.csv

15	L	10.0.0.41	32				GigabitEthernet2	
16	O	192.168.0.1	32	110	4	10.0.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	5d13h
17	O	192.168.0.2	32	110	2	10.0.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	1w0d
18	O	192.168.0.3	32	110	3	10.0.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	5d13h
19	O	192.168.0.4	32	110	5	10.0.0.42	GigabitEthernet2	1w0d
20	O	192.168.0.5	32	110	5	10.0.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	1w0d
21	O	192.168.0.6	32	110	5	10.0.0.42	GigabitEthernet2	1w0d
22	O	192.168.0.7	32	110	5	10.0.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	1w0d
23	O	192.168.0.8	32	110	5	10.0.0.42	GigabitEthernet2	1w0d
24	O	192.168.0.9	32	110	5	10.0.0.34	GigabitEthernet3	1w0d
25	C	192.168.0.0	32	110	5	10.0.0.42	GigabitEthernet2	1w0d
26	O	192.168.0.0	32	110	5	10.0.0.42	GigabitEthernet2	1w0d

省略されたサブネット
マスク長が補完される

```
Value Filldown PROTOCOL (\w)
Value Filldown TYPE (\w{0,2})
Value Required,Filldown NETWORK (\d{1,3}.\d{1,3}.\d{1,3}.\d{1,3})
Value Filldown MASK (\d{1,2})
Value DISTANCE (\d+)
Value METRIC (\d+)
Value NEXTHOP_IP (\d{1,3}.\d{1,3}.\d{1,3}.\d{1,3})
Value NEXTHOP_IF ([A-Z][\w\-\.:\/]+)
Value UPTIME (\d[\w:\.]+)
```

```
Start
^Gateway.* -> Routes
```

```
Routes
```

```
# For "is a summary" routes (often Null0)
^\s+\d{1,3}.\d{1,3}.\d{1,3}.\d{1,3}
#
# Match o
^${PROTOC
#
# Match o
^${PROTOC
#
# Match r
^${PROTOC
#
# Match r
^${PROTOC
#
# Match r
^${PROTOC
#
# Match r
^${PROTOC}(\s|\\*)${TYPE}\s+${NETWORK}\/${MASK}\s\[${DISTANCE}/${METRIC}\],\s${UPTIME},\s${NEXTHOP_IF} -> Record
#
# Match "is a summary" routes (often Null0)
^${PROTOCOL}(\s|\\*)${TYPE}\s+${NETWORK}\/${MASK}\sis\sa\ssummary,\s${UPTIME},\s${NEXTHOP_IF} -> Record
#
# Match regular routes where the network/mask is on the line above the rest of the route
^${PROTOCOL}(\s|\\*)${TYPE}\s+${NETWORK}\/${MASK} -> Next
#
# Match regular routes where the network only (mask from subnetted line) is on the line above the rest of the route
^${PROTOCOL}(\s|\\*)${TYPE}\s+${NETWORK} -> Next
#
# Match the rest of the route information on line below network (and possibly mask)
^\s+\[${DISTANCE}\}/${METRIC}\]\svia\s${NEXTHOP_IP}(,\s${UPTIME})?(,\s${NEXTHOP_IF})? -> Record
#
# Match load-balanced routes
^\s+\[${DISTANCE}\}/${METRIC}\]\svia\s${NEXTHOP_IP} -> Record
#
# Clear all variables on empty lines
^\s* -> Clearall
```

show ip routeの解析のため
先人の苦勞と知恵が
詰まったテンプレート

-> Record

rd

ネットワークエンジニアの皆さん

簡単なことから
コードを書いて
楽をしましょう