

# ネットワーク機器における 脆弱性検知の取り組みと課題

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# 発表者紹介



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# ネットワーク機器の脆弱性管理について



# ネットワーク機器とサーバの脆弱性管理の違い

私たちはサーバ系の脆弱性管理を主に行っていますが、ネットワーク機器等の脆弱性管理をする際に以下の点が異なると感じている。

## サーバ

- 更新プログラムを基に、**残存する脆弱性**の危険度を優先度付けをして対応を決める

## ネットワーク機器

- バージョン管理というより、話題になるほど**危険な脆弱性が出た時**に対応を決める

相当大きな脆弱性が出るまでバージョンアップはせず、それ以外の残存する脆弱性について考慮がされていない。ここがサーバ運用との違いと考える。

これをサーバと同じような脆弱性管理フローに載せることで、よりセキュアに、残存脆弱性を可視化した状態にしたい。



# 想定している対応

## 現状（一般的な方法と想定）

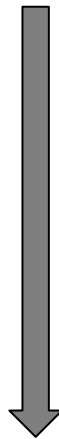
- 台帳でネットワーク機器情報を管理（ファームウェアバージョン等）
- 重大な脆弱性公開時に、台帳と突合し、対象を洗い出す

## 将来

- 外部から安全な方法で定期スキャンを行い、ネットワーク機器情報を管理
- 重大な脆弱性公開時に、最新の機器情報で突合し、対象を洗い出す

単一ベンダであればベンダツールで管理は可能な場合も多いが、複数ベンダの機器を使うと台帳管理になることが多い。台帳管理では棚卸による最新化が必要だが、頻繁に行うことが難しい。

外部からの定期スキャンにより、常に台帳の最新化を行う。また、統一した方法により、ベンダが異なっても利用可能。定期スキャンと合わせることで、脆弱性情報をいち早く反映可能。



# どうしたらよいか

ネットワーク機器の脆弱性情報データベースを用意する

- サーバの脆弱性情報同様、NVDにはある

安全なマルチベンダで使えるスキャンを用意する

- SNMPで取得ができる
- (SSHやTelnetもいいが、直接アクセスなので利用したくない)

バージョン情報を脆弱性データベースとマッチングさせる

- 現状だとNVDの情報とCPEを使う方法が行われやすい

# 今回の議題

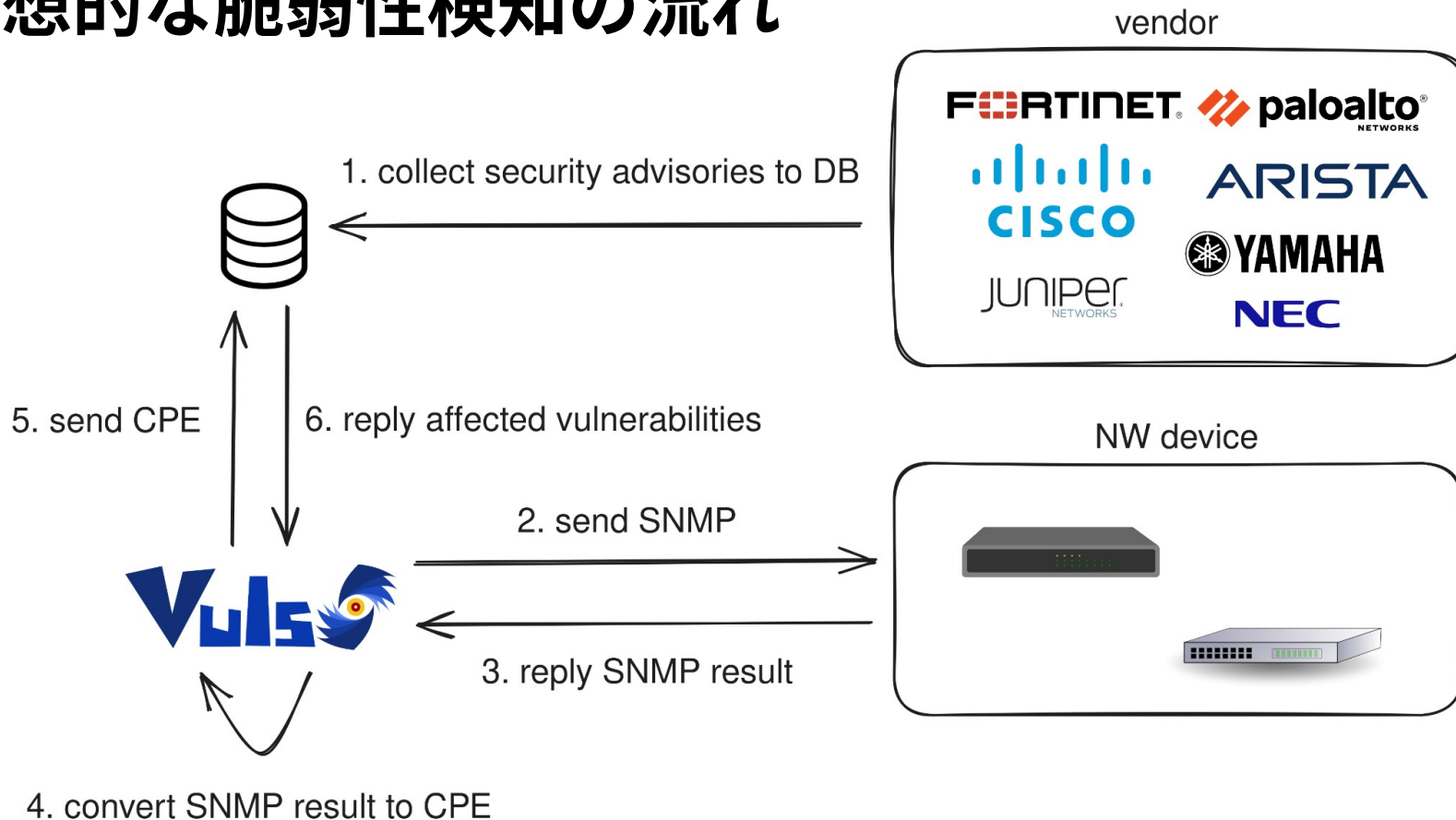
本発表では、これらについて確認したことを発表し、ネットワーク機器の脆弱性管理について考えたい

- ネットワーク機器における、脆弱性検知について
- ネットワーク機器の、脆弱性アドバイザリの収集について
- ネットワーク機器の特定について（SNMPを利用）
- 結論、及びディスカッション

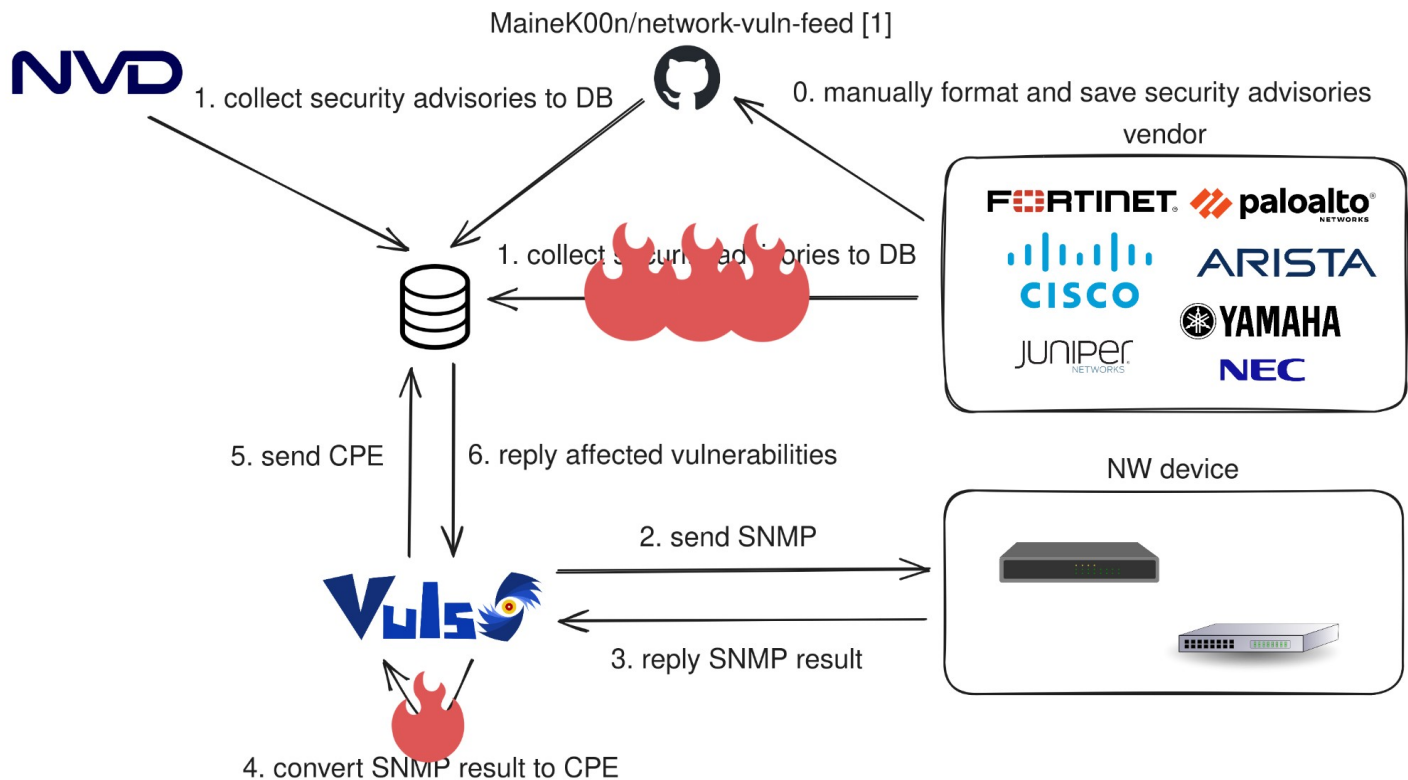
# NW 機器における脆弱性検知 (現実)



# 理想的な脆弱性検知の流れ



# 現実にはアドバイザリの収集と NW 機器の特定に難あり



[1] <https://github.com/MaineK00n/network-vuln-feed>

# 脆弱性アドバイザリの収集



# 脆弱性アドバイザリの提供状況

現状、複数の提供元から、複数の形式で提供されている

- Fortinet: CVRF で提供
- Cisco Systems: CVRF/CSAF で提供、CVRF をリストしているページもあり
- Juniper Networks: HTML のみ？
- Palo Alto Networks: MITRE CVE 4.0 JSON Format で提供
- Arista Network: 一部 CSAF で提供、HTML/PDF のみの提供もあり
- YAMAHA: HTML のみ？
- NEC: HTML のみ？



# 機械的に収集できない脆弱性アドバイザリあるある①

- NVD の情報を使えば？ → 使えない.....
  - 脆弱性アドバイザリの公開から、NVD で取り込まれるまでに時間がかかるものも
  - 脆弱性アドバイザリと NVD の間で影響するバージョンが異なっているものが複数あり
- エラーでアクセスできない
  - <https://www.fortiguard.com/psirt/FG-IR-012-001>
- HTML や PDF のみの提供
  - HTML が当時と変わっていて、HTML から情報を取得することに失敗する場合も
- Web 版と CVRF/CSAF で記述内容が異なる
  - Web 版の更新内容が CVRF/CSAF に反映されていないことも
- 定期的な取得がかなり大変
  - 大量のページネーションが必要なことも

# 機械的に収集できない脆弱性アドバイザリあるある②

- CVRF/CSAF の仕様を満たしていない・適したフィールドを利用しない

- CVE ID が 1 箇所にまとめて書いてある、Notes に何でも書いてしまう

- 内容の解釈が難しい.....

- アドバイザリごとに異なるバージョン記述

6.0.0 to 6.0.4, lower than 3.2.0, 7.3.0 through 7.3.1, 5.4.0 and 5.4.1, ...

- 影響するバージョンはどこからどこまで？

- 4.2: 4.2.0 or ( $\geq 4.2.0$ ,  $\leq 4.2.x$ )

- 5.2.2 and below, 5.0.11 and below: ( $\leq 5.0.11$ ,  $\leq 5.2.2$ ) or ( $\leq 5.0.11$ ,  $\geq 5.2.0$ ,  $\leq 5.2.2$ )

or ( $\geq 5.0.0$ ,  $\leq 5.0.11$ ,  $\geq 5.2.0$ ,  $\leq 5.2.2$ )

- 存在しないと思われるバージョンを参照している

FortiExtender 5.3 all versions (ref: <https://www.fortiguard.com/psirt/FG-IR-22-048>)

FortiExtender 5.3 は存在しない？ (ref: <https://docs.fortinet.com/product/fortiextender/5.3>)

# より利用可能な脆弱性アドバイザリを提供するために

- 安定して定期的を取得可能である
  - API でアドバイザリ名、アドバイザリ本体を提供
  - Index of のようなりストで脆弱性アドバイザリを提供
  - 年単位などで脆弱性アドバイザリを一つにまとめて提供
  - Git Repository で提供
- 機械的に処理する前提のフォーマットを採用する
  - CVRF/CSAF、OVAL、MITRE CVE、OSV など脆弱性情報を記述するフォーマットは沢山ある
- アドバイザリ全体で記述が一意に定まっている
  - 古いものから新しいものの全てで、どこに何を書くか、どう表現するかが統一されている
- 公開したアドバイザリからセキュリティ製品を作れるか？という視点を持つ
  - 内容は十分ですか？適切に更新してますか？

# ネットワーク機器の特定 (SNMP)



# SNMP を用いたネットワーク機器の特定

sysDescr, entPhysicalMfgName, entPhysicalName, entPhysicalSoftwareRev から CPE へ

```

$ snmp2cpe v2c --debug 192.168.1.99 public
2023/03/28 14:16:54 DEBUG: .1.3.6.1.2.1.1.1.0 ->
2023/03/28 14:16:54 DEBUG: .1.3.6.1.2.1.47.1.1.1.1.12.1 -> Fortinet
2023/03/28 14:16:54 DEBUG: .1.3.6.1.2.1.47.1.1.1.1.7.1 -> FGT_50E
2023/03/28 14:16:54 DEBUG: .1.3.6.1.2.1.47.1.1.1.1.10.1 -> FortiGate-50E v5.4.6,buid1165b1165,171018 (GA)
{"192.168.1.99":{"entPhysicalTables":
{"1":{"entPhysicalMfgName":"Fortinet","entPhysicalName":"FGT_50E","entPhysicalSoftwareRev":"FortiGate-50E
v5.4.6,buid1165b1165,171018 (GA)}}}}

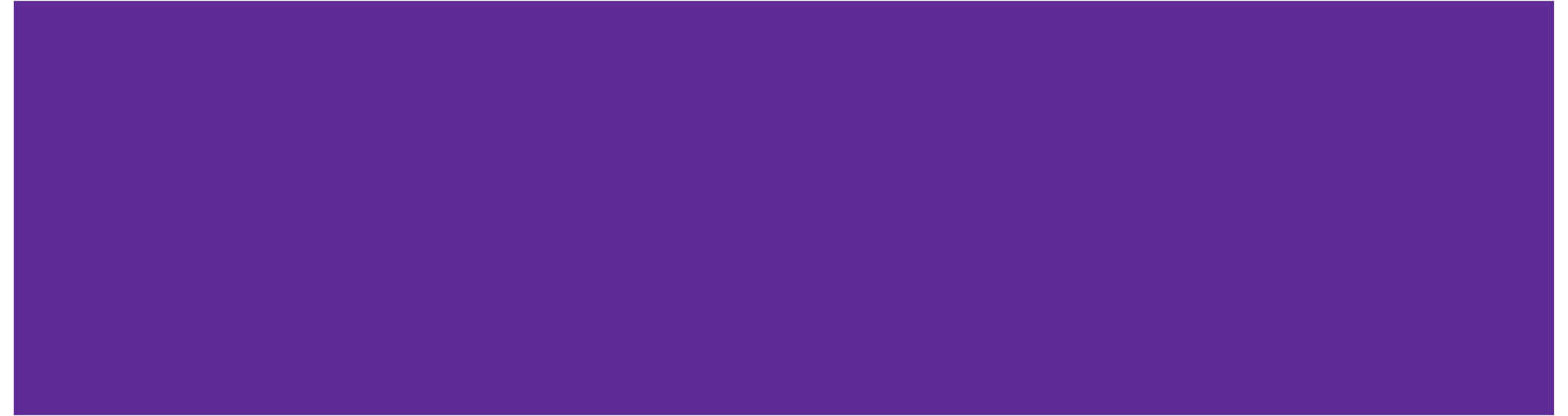
$ snmp2cpe v2c 192.168.1.99 public | snmp2cpe convert
{"192.168.1.99":["cpe:2.3:h:fortinet:fortigate-50e:-:*:*:*:*:*:*","cpe:2.3:o:fortinet:fortios:5.4.6:*:*:*:*:*:*"]}]
```

# ネットワーク機器の特定での課題

同じベンダ製品でも標準 MIB の記述が統一されていないため、どの情報を使えば安定するか分からない  
(SNMP のサンプルが圧倒的に足りていない.....)

- Juniper Networks MX240
  - sysDescr.0: Juniper Networks, Inc. mx240 internet router, kernel JUNOS 20.4R3-S4.8, Build date: 2022-08-16 20:42:11 UTC Copyright (c) 1996-2022 Juniper Networks, Inc.
  - entPhysicalMfgName.1: Juniper Networks
  - entPhysicalName.1: CHAS-BP3-MX240-S
  - entPhysicalSoftwareRev.1: 20.4R3-S4.8
- Juniper Networks SRX4600
  - sysDescr.0: Juniper Networks, Inc. srx4600 internet router, kernel JUNOS 20.4R3-S4.8, Build date: 2022-08-16 20:42:11 UTC Copyright (c) 1996-2022 Juniper Networks, Inc.
  - entPhysicalMfgName.1:
  - entPhysicalName.1:
  - entPhysicalSoftwareRev.1:
- Juniper Networks EX4300-32F
  - sysDescr.0: Juniper Networks, Inc. ex4300-32f Ethernet Switch, kernel JUNOS 20.4R3-S4.8, Build date: 2022-08-16 21:10:45 UTC Copyright (c) 1996-2022 Juniper Networks, Inc.
  - entPhysicalMfgName.1: Juniper Networks
  - entPhysicalName.1:
  - entPhysicalSoftwareRev.1: 20.4R3-S4.8

まとめ



# 体感・課題

## 脆弱性アドバイザリの収集

- 機械的に収集することが難しく、活用まで届いていない
  - 脆弱性アドバイザリは利用されることに価値がある
  - 特に機械的に収集して、脆弱性 DB を作成することが主流
  - 脆弱性スキャナの NW 機器への対応状況から、アドバイザリが活用されていないように感じる

## ネットワーク機器の特定 (SNMP)

- 標準 MIB だけを使った現手法では、精度を保証することが難しい
- 汎用的に特定するにはサンプル数が圧倒的に足りていない



# 議論

NW 機器の脆弱性管理どうしてますか？

- 脆弱性検知・トリアージの頻度や方法は？機器情報の管理は？

脆弱性アドバイザー

- 自社の脆弱性アドバイザーの現状を知っていましたか？  
（もし、改善したい・意見を聞きたいなどは @MaineK00n へ！
- 提供されている脆弱性アドバイザーをどのように利用している？  
（加工して利用しているのであれば、それを公開して、コミュニティ全体でメンテナンスするなどに興味はある？

ネットワーク機器の特定

- 汎用的に複数台を特定するとして、SNMP より良い手法がある？
- SNMP なら、拡張 MIB まで見なければならぬ？
- 精度を保証するためにテストケースを集めるには？

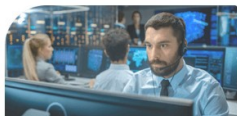
# **Appendix A:** **脆弱性アドバイザリの提供状況と特徴** **@ 2023/06/15**



**fortinet**



▶ Home / PSIRT



Refine

● PSIRTs (641)

Filter by Date:

● All

2023

○ June (21)

○ May (9)

○ April (21)

○ March (15)

○ February (40)

○ January (5)

2022

2021

2020

2019

2018

2017

2016

2015

2014

2013

2012

## PSIRT Advisories

### Monthly PSIRT Advisories

- 2023: Jun , May , Apr , Mar , Feb , Jan
- 2022: Dec , Nov , Sep , Aug , Jul , Jun , May , Apr , Mar , Feb
- 2021: Dec , Nov , Oct , Sep , Aug , Jul , Jun , May , Apr , Mar , Feb , Jan
- 2020: Dec

The following is a list of advisories for issues resolved in Fortinet products. The resolution of such issues is coordinated by the Fortinet Product Security Incident Response Team (PSIRT), a dedicated, global team that manages the receipt, investigation, and public reporting of information about security vulnerabilities and issues related to Fortinet products and services.

For details of how to raise a PSIRT Issue with Fortinet, please see our PSIRT Policy here.

### FortiADC & FortiADC Manager - Command injection vulnerabilities in cli commands

Multiple improper neutralization of special elements used in an os command ('OS Command Injection') vulnerabilities [CWE-78]..

FortiADC 7.2.0, 7.1.2, 7.1.1, 7.1.0, 7.0.5, 7.0.4, 7.0.3, 7.0.2, 7.0.1, 7.0.0, 6.2.6, 6.2.5, 6.2.4, 6.2.3, 6.2.2, 6.2.1, 6.2.0, 6.1.6, 6.1.5, 6.1.4, 6.1.3, 6.1.2, 6.1.1, 6.1.0, 6.0.4, 6.0.3, 6.0.2, 6.0.1, 6.0.0, 5.4.5, 5.4.4, 5.4.3, 5.4.2, 5.4.1, 5.4.0, 5.3.7, 5.3.6, 5.3.5, 5.3.4, 5.3.3, 5.3.2, 5.3.1, 5.3.0, 5.2.8, 5.2.7, 5.2.6, 5.2.5, 5.2.4, 5.2.3, 5.2.2, 5.2.1, 5.2.0 | FortiADCManager 7.1.0, 7.0.0, 6.2.1, 6.2.0, 6.1.0, 6.0.0, 5.4.0, 5.3.0, 5.2.1, 5.2.0

Jun 12, 2023 Severity ●●●●● High IR Number: FG-IR-23-076 CVE-2023-26210

### FortiADC - Command injection in diagnose system df CLI command



IR Number	FG-IR-23-076
Date	Jun 12, 2023
Severity	●●●●● High
CVSSv3	7.8
Score	
Impact	Execute unauthorized code or commands
CVE ID	CVE-2023-26210
Affected Products	FortiADC : 7.2.0, 7.1.2, 7.1.1, 7.1.0, 7.0.5, 7.0.4, 7.0.3, 7.0.2, 7.0.1, 7.0.0, 6.2.6, 6.2.5, 6.2.4, 6.2.3, 6.2.2, 6.2.1, 6.2.0, 6.1.6, 6.1.5, 6.1.4, 6.1.3, 6.1.2, 6.1.1, 6.1.0, 6.0.4, 6.0.3, 6.0.2, 6.0.1, 6.0.0, 5.4.5, 5.4.4, 5.4.3, 5.4.2, 5.4.1, 5.4.0, 5.3.7, 5.3.6, 5.3.5, 5.3.4, 5.3.3, 5.3.2, 5.3.1, 5.3.0, 5.2.8, 5.2.7, 5.2.6, 5.2.5, 5.2.4, 5.2.3, 5.2.2, 5.2.1, 5.2.0
CVRF	Download

## PSIRT Advisories

### FortiADC & FortiADC Manager - Command injection vulnerabilities in cli commands

#### Summary

Multiple improper neutralization of special elements used in an os command ('OS Command Injection') vulnerabilities [CWE-78] in FortiADC & FortiADC Manager may allow a local authenticated attacker to execute arbitrary shell code as 'root' user via crafted CLI requests.

#### Affected Products

FortiADC version 7.2.0  
FortiADC version 7.1.0 through 7.1.2  
FortiADC 7.0 all versions  
FortiADC 6.2 all versions  
FortiADC 6.1 all versions  
FortiADC 6.0 all versions  
FortiADC 5.4 all versions  
FortiADC 5.3 all versions  
FortiADC 5.2 all versions  
At least  
FortiADCManager version 7.1.0  
FortiADCManager version 7.0.0  
FortiADCManager 6.2 all versions  
FortiADCManager 6.1 all versions  
FortiADCManager 6.0 all versions  
FortiADCManager 5.4 all versions  
FortiADCManager 5.3 all versions  
FortiADCManager 5.2 all versions

#### Solutions

Please upgrade to FortiADC version 7.2.1 or above  
Please upgrade to FortiADC version 7.1.3 or above  
Please upgrade to FortiADCManager version 7.2.0 or above  
Please upgrade to FortiADCManager version 7.1.1 or above  
Please upgrade to FortiADCManager version 7.0.1 or above

#### Acknowledgement

Internally discovered and reported by Théo Leleu and Giulia Clerici of Fortinet Product Security team.

#### Timeline

2023-06-09: Initial publication

## CVRF ProductTreeではなく、NotesにAffectedとFixed Versionを記述

Score	
Impact	Execute unauthorized code or commands
CVE ID	CVE-2023-26210
Affected Products	FortiADC : 7.2.0, 7.1.2, 7.1.1, 7.1.0, 7.0.5, 7.0.4, 7.0.3, 7.0.2, 7.0.1, 7.0.0, 6.2.6, 6.2.5, 6.2.4, 6.2.3, 6.2.2, 6.2.1, 6.2.0, 6.1.6, 6.1.5, 6.1.4, 6.1.3, 6.1.2, 6.1.1, 6.1.0, 6.0.4, 6.0.3, 6.0.2, 6.0.1, 6.0.0, 5.4.5, 5.4.4, 5.4.3, 5.4.2, 5.4.1, 5.4.0, 5.3.7, 5.3.6, 5.3.5, 5.3.4, 5.3.3, 5.3.2, 5.3.1, 5.3.0, 5.2.8, 5.2.7, 5.2.6, 5.2.5, 5.2.4, 5.2.3, 5.2.2, 5.2.1, 5.2.0 FortiADCManager : 7.1.0, 7.0.0, 6.2.1, 6.2.0, 6.1.0, 6.0.0, 5.4.0, 5.3.0, 5.2.1, 5.2.0
CVRF	Download

### Affected Products

FortiADC version 7.2.0  
FortiADC version 7.1.0 through 7.1.2  
FortiADC 7.0 all versions  
FortiADC 6.2 all versions  
FortiADC 6.1 all versions  
FortiADC 6.0 all versions  
FortiADC 5.4 all versions  
FortiADC 5.3 all versions  
FortiADC 5.2 all versions  
At least  
FortiADCManager version 7.1.0  
FortiADCManager version 7.0.0  
FortiADCManager 6.2 all versions  
FortiADCManager 6.1 all versions  
FortiADCManager 6.0 all versions  
FortiADCManager 5.4 all versions  
FortiADCManager 5.3 all versions  
FortiADCManager 5.2 all versions

### Solutions

Please upgrade to FortiADC version 7.2.1 or above  
Please upgrade to FortiADC version 7.1.3 or above  
Please upgrade to FortiADCManager version 7.2.0 or above  
Please upgrade to FortiADCManager version 7.1.1 or above  
Please upgrade to FortiADCManager version 7.0.1 or above

```
<Note Title="Affected Products" Type="Description">
  FortiADC version 7.2.0 FortiADC version 7.1.0 through 7.1.2 FortiADC 7.0 all versions FortiADC
  6.2 all versions FortiADC 6.1 all versions FortiADC 6.0 all versions FortiADC 5.4 all versions
  FortiADC 5.3 all versions FortiADC 5.2 all versions At least FortiADCManager version 7.1.0
  FortiADCManager version 7.0.0 FortiADCManager 6.2 all versions FortiADCManager 6.1 all versions
  FortiADCManager 6.0 all versions FortiADCManager 5.4 all versions FortiADCManager 5.3 all
  versions FortiADCManager 5.2 all versions
</Note>

<Note Title="Solutions" Type="Description">
  Please upgrade to FortiADC version 7.2.1 or above Please upgrade to FortiADC version 7.1.3 or
  above Please upgrade to FortiADCManager version 7.2.0 or above Please upgrade to FortiADCManager
  version 7.1.1 or above Please upgrade to FortiADCManager version 7.0.1 or above
</Note>
```

複数 CVE が紐付いている場合、CVRF にしか書いてない



IR Number	FG-IR-23-015
Date	Jun 16, 2023
Severity	● ● ● ● ● Medium
CVSSv3 Score	6.4
Impact	Denial of service
CVE ID	CVE-2023-33306
Affected Products	FortiOS : 7.2.4, 7.2.3, 7.2.2, 7.2.1, 7.2.0, 7.0.9, 7.0.8, 7.0.7, 7.0.6, 7.0.5, 7.0.4, 7.0.3, 7.0.2, 7.0.10, 7.0.1, 7.0.0, 6.4.9, 6.4.8, 6.4.7, 6.4.6, 6.4.5, 6.4.4, 6.4.3, 6.4.2, 6.4.12, 6.4.11, 6.4.10, 6.4.1, 6.4.0 FortiProxy : 7.2.3, 7.2.2, 7.2.1, 7.2.0, 7.0.9, 7.0.8, 7.0.7, 7.0.6, 7.0.5, 7.0.4, 7.0.3, 7.0.2, 7.0.1, 7.0.0
CVRF	Download




```
<cvrfdoc xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xmlns="http://docs.oasis-open.org/csaf/ns/csaf-cvrf/v1.2/cvrf">
  <DocumentTitle>FortiOS & FortiProxy: authenticated user null pointer dereference in SSL-VPN</DocumentTitle>
  <DocumentTracking>
    <Identification>
      <ID>FG-IR-23-015</ID>
    </Identification>
  </DocumentTracking>
  <Vulnerability xmlns="http://docs.oasis-open.org/csaf/ns/csaf-cvrf/v1.2/vuln">
    <CVE>CVE-2023-33306</CVE>
    <CVE>CVE-2023-33307</CVE>
  </Vulnerability>
</cvrfdoc>
```

# サイドバーの Affected Products がない場合、all versions を調べるが大変

## FortiWeb 5.1 系の最終リリースって？他アドバイザリやドキュメント的に 5.1.4?

▶ Home / PSIRT / FG-IR-14-013



IR Number	FG-IR-14-013
Date	May 2, 2014
Severity	●●●●○ Medium
Impact	Authorization Bypass
CVE ID	CVE-2014-3115
CVRF	Download

## PSIRT Advisories

### FortiWeb Cross-Site Request Forgery Vulnerability

#### Description

Multiple CSRF vulnerabilities exist in the FortiWeb web administration interface. This could allow remote attackers to perform adminis

#### Impact Detail

A remote unauthenticated attacker may be able to trick a user into web administration interface, via link or JavaScript hosted on a m may be treated as authentic and result in unauthorized actions in successful attack would require the administrator to be logged in FortiWeb administration URL.

#### Affected Products

FortiWeb 5.1.x and lower.


#### Solutions

Upgrade to FortiWeb 5.2.0 or higher.

#### Acknowledgement

This vulnerability was separately reported by both William Costa

▶ Home / PSIRT / FG-IR-21-132



IR Number	FG-IR-21-132
Date	Feb 1, 2022
Severity	●●●●○ High
CVSSv3	6.3
Score	
CVE ID	CVE-2021-36193
Affected FortiWeb	: 6.4.2, 6.4.1, 6.4.0, 6.3.9, 6.3.8, 6.3.7, 6.3.6, 6.3.5, 6.3.4, 6.3.3, 6.3.2, 6.3.16, 6.3.15, 6.3.14, 6.3.13, 6.3.12, 6.3.11, 6.3.10, 6.3.1, 6.3.0, 6.2.6, 6.2.5, 6.2.4, 6.2.3, 6.2.2, 6.2.1, 6.2.0, 6.1.2, 6.1.1, 6.1.0, 6.0.7, 6.0.6, 6.0.5, 6.0.4, 6.0.3, 6.0.2, 6.0.1, 6.0.0, 5.9.1, 5.9.0, 5.8.7, 5.8.6, 5.8.5, 5.8.3, 5.8.2, 5.8.1, 5.8.0, 5.7.3, 5.7.2, 5.7.1, 5.7.0, 5.6.2, 5.6.1, 5.6.0, 5.5.7, 5.5.6, 5.5.5, 5.5.4, 5.5.3, 5.5.2, 5.5.1, 5.5.0, 5.4.1, 5.4.0, 5.3.9, 5.3.8, 5.3.7, 5.3.6, 5.3.5, 5.3.4, 5.3.3, 5.3.2, 5.3.1, 5.3.0, 5.2.4, 5.2.3, 5.2.2, 5.2.1, 5.2.0, 5.1.4, 5.1.3, 5.1.2, 5.1.1, 5.1.0, 5.0.6, 5.0.5, 5.0.4, 5.0.3, 5.0.2, 5.0.1, 5.0.0
CVRF	Download

## PSIRT Advisory

### FortiWeb - Stack-based buffer overfl

#### Summary

Multiple stack-based buffer overflows [CWE- an authenticated attacker to achieve arbitrary

#### Affected Products

FortiWeb 6.4.1 and earlier.  
FortiWeb 6.3.15 and earlier.  
FortiWeb 6.2.5 and earlier.  
FortiWeb 6.1.2 and earlier.  
FortiWeb 6.0.7 and earlier.

All FortiWeb versions 5.x are also affected.

#### Solutions

Upgrade to FortiWeb 6.4.2 and later.  
Upgrade to FortiWeb 6.3.16 and later.  
Upgrade to FortiWeb 6.2.6 and later.  
Fixes for older versions to be confirmed.

#### Acknowledgement

Internally discovered and reported by Giuseppe



FortiWeb  
Select version: 7.2 | 7.0 | 6.4 | 5.1 ▼  
Search in Product **Lookup** Search Hardware... **Show All**

### Admin Guides

FortiWeb Administration Guide  
5.1.4 | 5.1.3 | 5.1.2 | Older ▼  
• Administration Guide (PDF)  
• Administration Guide (HTML) ↗

Other Resources  
5.1.0 ↗  
Last updated Jan. 24, 2019

### Reference Manuals

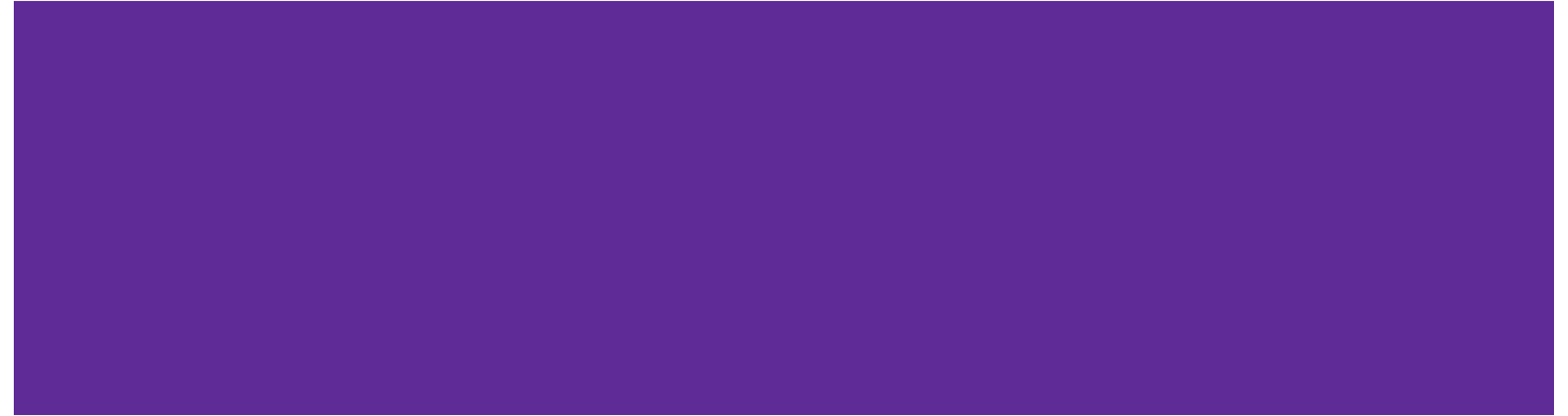
FortiWeb Log Message Reference  
5.1.3  
• Log Reference

FortiWeb CLI Reference  
5.1.3 | 5.1.2 | 5.1.1 | Older ▼  
• CLI Reference (PDF)  
• CLI Reference (HTML) ↗

### Release Information

FortiWeb Release Notes  
5.1.0  
• Release Notes

# Cisco Systems





ADVISORY	IMPACT	CVE	LAST UPDATED	VERSION
<a href="#">Cisco AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client Software for Windows and Cisco Secure Client Software for Windows Privilege Escalation Vulnerability</a>	High	CVE-2023-20178	2023 Jun 09	1.2
<a href="#">Cisco Expressway Series and Cisco TelePresence Video Communication Server Privilege Escalation Vulnerabilities</a>	Critical	CVE-2023-20105 CVE-2023-20192	2023 Jun 07	1.0
<a href="#">Cisco Unified Communications Manager IM &amp; Presence Service Denial of Service Vulnerability</a>	High	CVE-2023-20108	2023 Jun 07	1.0
<a href="#">Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance Software and Firepower Threat Defense Software for Firepower 2100 Series Appliances SSL/TLS Denial of Service Vulnerability</a>	High	CVE-2023-20006		
<a href="#">Cisco Small Business 200, 300, and 500 Series Switches Web-Based Management Stored Cross-Site Scripting Vulnerability</a>	Medium	CVE-2023-20188		
<a href="#">Cisco Unified Communications Manager Denial of Service Vulnerability</a>	Medium	CVE-2023-20116		
<a href="#">Cisco Secure Workload Authenticated OpenAPI Privilege Escalation Vulnerability</a>	Medium	CVE-2023-20136		
<a href="#">Cisco I/OX Application Hosting Environment Command Injection Vulnerability</a>	High	CVE-2023-20076		
<a href="#">Cisco Unified Intelligence Center Reflected Cross-Site Scripting Vulnerability</a>	Medium	CVE-2023-20058		
<a href="#">Cisco Firepower Threat Defense Software CLI Arbitrary File Write Vulnerability</a>	Medium	CVE-2021-34761		
<a href="#">Cisco Small Business Series Switches Buffer Overflow Vulnerabilities</a>	Critical	CVE-2023-20024 CVE-2023-20156 ...		
<a href="#">Cisco IOS XE ROM Monitor Software for Catalyst Switches Information Disclosure Vulnerability</a>	Medium	CVE-2022-20864		
<a href="#">Cisco Smart Software Manager On-Prem SQL Injection Vulnerability</a>	Medium	CVE-2023-20110		
<a href="#">Cisco Identity Services Engine XML External Entity Injection Vulnerabilities</a>	Medium	CVE-2023-20173 CVE-2023-20174		
<a href="#">Cisco Identity Services Engine Path Traversal Vulnerabilities</a>	Medium	CVE-2023-20166 CVE-2023-20167		
<a href="#">Cisco Identity Services Engine Command Injection Vulnerabilities</a>	Medium	CVE-2023-20163 CVE-2023-20164		
<a href="#">Cisco Identity Services Engine Arbitrary File Download Vulnerabilities</a>	Medium	CVE-2023-20077 CVE-2023-20087		
<a href="#">Cisco Identity Services Engine Arbitrary File Delete and File Read Vulnerabilities</a>	Medium	CVE-2023-20106 CVE-2023-20171 ...		
<a href="#">Cisco DNA Center Software API Vulnerabilities</a>	Medium	CVE-2023-20182 CVE-2023-20183 ...		
<a href="#">Cisco Business Wireless Access Points Social Login Guest User Authentication Bypass Vulnerability</a>	Medium	CVE-2023-20003		

Items per page: 20

#### Cisco Security Advisory

### Cisco I/OX Application Hosting Environment Command Injection Vulnerability



**Advisory ID:** [cisco-sa-iox-8wthGn5dL](#) **CVE:** 2023-20076  
**First Published:** 2023 February 1 16:00 GMT  
**Last Updated:** 2023 June 1 15:34 GMT  
**Version 1.5:** Final  
**Workarounds:** No workarounds available  
**Cisco Bug ID:** CSCxc66882  
**CVSS Score:** Base 7.2

#### Cisco Security Vulnerability Policy

To learn about Cisco security vulnerability disclosure policies and publications, see the Security Vulnerability Policy. This document also contains instructions for obtaining fixed software and receiving security vulnerability information from Cisco.

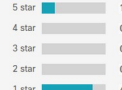
#### Subscribe to Cisco Security Notifications

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#### Related to This Advisory

Your Rating: ★★★★★

Average Rating: ★★★★★



Leave additional feedback

#### Summary

A vulnerability in the Cisco I/OX application hosting environment could allow an authenticated, remote attacker to execute arbitrary commands as root on the underlying host operating system.

This vulnerability is due to incomplete sanitization of parameters that are passed in for activation of an application. An attacker could exploit this vulnerability by deploying and activating an application in the Cisco I/OX application hosting environment with a crafted activation payload file. A successful exploit could allow the attacker to execute arbitrary commands as root on the underlying host operating system.

Cisco has released software updates that address this vulnerability. There are no workarounds that address this vulnerability.

This advisory is available at the following link:

<https://sec.cloudapps.cisco.com/security/center/content/CiscoSecurityAdvisory/cisco-sa-iox-8wthGn5dL>

#### Affected Products

##### Vulnerable Products

This vulnerability affects Cisco devices that are running Cisco IOS XE Software if they have the Cisco I/OX feature enabled and they do not support native docker.

This vulnerability also affects the following Cisco products, which do not support native docker, if they are running a vulnerable software release and have the Cisco I/OX feature enabled:

- 800 Series Industrial ISRs
- CGR1000 Compute Modules
- IC3000 Industrial Compute Gateways (releases 1.2.1 and later run native docker)
- IR510 WPAN Industrial Routers

For information about which Cisco software releases are vulnerable, see the Fixed Software section of this advisory.

## Cisco Security CVRF Repository

Cisco Security Advisories are available below in CVRF format.

Title
<a href="#">cisco-sa-ac-csc-privesc-wx4J4kW_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-asafile-ssl-dos-u77mV5u6_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-smb-ssxs-OPYJzUmE_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-cucm-dos-4Ag3WbD_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-csw-auth-openapi-kTndjNlX_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-cucm-imo-dos-49GJ7zT_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-expressway-priv-esc-Ls2Bn7b_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-iox-8wthGn5dL_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-cuix-ssx-Omm8jYbX_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-ftp-file-write-SHVcmQVp_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-ioxse-info-disc-nROrXjO_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-ise-ise-file-dwld-Srdkndk2_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-dnac-multiple-KTQkGUJ3_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-ise-injection-srQmsEU9_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-sq-web-multi-S9d4Nky_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-cbw-auth-bypass-gppAMZ_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-ise-xxe-tnj-696OZTcm_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-srm-sql-X9MmS2Yh_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-ise-file-delete-read-PK5qDDd_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-ise-traversal-ZTJgM7hu_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-ql-epim-eRPWAXLe_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-c9300-spa-acc-yaYtgnVQ_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-iox-priv-escalate-X95zkyPk_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-spa-umauth-upgrade-UqbyTWw_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-isp-cohwrite-8cMF5r7U_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-pod-ssx-dXgm7_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-20170629-smpm_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-cisco-pdng-dos-KmzEY2Q_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-hw-ftp-dos-KEEdJCvLs_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-cmi-auth-bypass-4fUCCeG5_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-Int-CaEFLkV_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-rooms-file-write-tHKwgKJ_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-staros-ssh-privesc-BmWeJc3b_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-sdwan-vmanage-wfmgVYh_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-cisco-ql-epim-ssx-m7SHH2J_cvr</a>
<a href="#">cisco-sa-sh-nV0L_rv32x_tce-nsAGWDD_cvr</a>

# Cisco Software Checker でなければ fixed version が分からない (IOS and IOS XE Software)

## Fixed Releases

In the following table, the left column lists affected Cisco platforms. The right column indicates whether a release is affected by the vulnerability that is described in this advisory and the first release that includes the fix for this vulnerability. Customers are advised to upgrade to an appropriate [fixed software release](#) as indicated in this section.

Cisco Platform	First Fixed Release
800 Series Industrial ISRs	15.9(3)M7
CGR1000 Compute Modules	1.16.0.1
IC3000 Industrial Compute Gateways	1.4.2
IOS XE-based devices configured with iOx	17.6.5 17.9.2 17.10.1 For more information, see the Cisco IOS and IOS XE Software Checker in the next section.
ISR10 WPAN Industrial Routers	1.10.0.1

The Cisco Product Security Incident Response Team (PSIRT) validates only the affected and fixed release information that is documented in this advisory.

## Cisco IOS and IOS XE Software

To help customers determine their exposure to vulnerabilities in Cisco IOS and IOS XE Software, Cisco provides the [Cisco Software Checker](#). This tool identifies any Cisco security advisories that impact a specific software release and the earliest release that fixes the vulnerabilities that are described in each advisory ("First Fixed"). If applicable, the tool also returns the earliest release that fixes all the vulnerabilities that are described in all the advisories that the Software Checker identifies ("Combined First Fixed").

To use the tool, go to the [Cisco Software Checker](#) page and follow the instructions. Alternatively, use the following form to determine whether a release is affected by any Cisco Security Advisory. To use the form, follow these steps:

1. Choose which advisories the tool will search—only this advisory, only advisories with a Critical or High [Security Impact Rating \(SIR\)](#), or all advisories.
2. Enter a release number—for example, **15.9(3)M2** or **17.3.3**.
3. Click **Check**.

Only this advisory

15.9(3)M

## Cisco Security Cisco Software Checker

1 — 2 — 3

software release(s)

15.9(3)M

Recalculate Back Start Over

Results for selected Cisco Security Advisories:

Show advisory list

Export Selected

## Security Advisories That Affect This Release

The following results include the first fixed or not affected release that addresses all vulnerabilities in a security advisory. The availability of security fixes after the End of Sale is defined in the product's End of Sale bulletin, as explained in the [Cisco End-of-Life Policy](#). Please refer to the [Cisco Security Vulnerability Policy](#) for additional information.

TITLE	PUBLICATION DATE	IMPACT	FIRST FIXED OR NOT AFFECTED
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <a href="#">Cisco IOx Application Hosting Environment Command Injection Vulnerability</a>	2023 Feb 01	High	15.9(3)M0a 15.9(3)M3a 15.9(3)M7
<b>COMBINED FIRST FIXED OR NOT AFFECTED</b>			
	15.9(3)M0a,15.9(3)M3a,15.9(3)M7		

## Product Tree の情報量にばらつき

```
<ProductTree xmlns="http://docs.oasis-open.org/csaf/ns/csaf-cvrf/v1.2/prod">
  <Branch Name="Cisco" Type="Vendor">
    <Branch Name="Cisco IOS XE Software" Type="Product Name">
      <FullProductName ProductID="CVRFPID-93036">Cisco IOS XE Software </FullProductName>
    </Branch>
  </Branch>
</ProductTree>
```

```
<ProductTree xmlns="http://docs.oasis-open.org/csaf/ns/csaf-cvrf/v1.2/prod">
  <Branch Name="Cisco" Type="Vendor">
    ...
    <Branch Name="Cisco IOS XE Software" Type="Product Name">
      ...
      <Branch Name="17.8" Type="Product Version">
        <Branch Name="17.8.1" Type="Service Pack">
          <FullProductName ProductID="CVRFPID-278023">Cisco IOS XE Software 17.8.1</FullProductName>
        </Branch>
        <Branch Name="17.8.1a" Type="Service Pack">
          <FullProductName ProductID="CVRFPID-286486">Cisco IOS XE Software 17.8.1a</FullProductName>
        </Branch>
      </Branch>
    </Branch>
    <Branch Name="Cisco IOS XE Software" Type="Product Name">
      <FullProductName ProductID="CVRFPID-93036">Cisco IOS XE Software </FullProductName>
    </Branch>
    <Branch Name="Cisco IC3000 Industrial Compute Gateway" Type="Product Name">
      <FullProductName ProductID="CVRFPID-261528">Cisco IC3000 Industrial Compute Gateway </FullProductName>
    </Branch>
    <Branch Name="Cisco IR510 Operating System" Type="Product Name">
      <FullProductName ProductID="CVRFPID-281477">Cisco IR510 Operating System </FullProductName>
    </Branch>
    <Branch Name="Cisco CGR1000 Compute Module" Type="Product Name">
      <FullProductName ProductID="CVRFPID-281479">Cisco CGR1000 Compute Module </FullProductName>
    </Branch>
  </Branch>
</ProductTree>
```

## first fixed release が Note に書いてある

```
<cvrf:Note Title="Fixed Software" Type="General" Ordinal="5">When considering software upgrades  
["https://sec.cloudapps.cisco.com/security/center/resources/security_vulnerability_policy.html#fixes"], customers are  
advised to regularly consult the advisories for Cisco products, which are available from the Cisco Security Advisories  
page ["https://www.cisco.com/go/psirt"], to determine exposure and a complete upgrade solution.
```

In all cases, customers should ensure that the devices to be upgraded contain sufficient memory and confirm that current hardware and software configurations will continue to be supported properly by the new release. If the information is not clear, customers are advised to contact the Cisco Technical Assistance Center (TAC) or their contracted maintenance providers.

### Fixed Releases

At the time of publication, the release information in the following table(s) was accurate. See the Details section in the bug ID(s) at the top of this advisory for the most complete and current information.

Cisco Device	First Fixed Cisco IOS XE ROMMON Software Release	First Fixed Cisco IOS XE Software Release
Catalyst 3600 Series Switches	5.06 16.12.7	Catalyst 3800 Series Switches 5.08 16.12.7
Catalyst 9200 Series Switches	17.8.1r 17.6.3 and 17.8.1	Catalyst 9300 Series Switches 17.8.1r 17.8.1
Catalyst 9400 Series Switches	17.8.1r 17.8.1	Catalyst 9500 Series Switches 17.8.1r 17.8.1
Catalyst 9600 Series Switches	17.8.1r 17.8.1	Catalyst 9600 Series Switches 17.8.1r 17.8.1

ROMMON software is a bootstrap program that initializes the hardware and boots Cisco IOS XE Software when a device is powered on or reloaded. ROMMON software is bundled with the Cisco IOS XE binary, which can be downloaded from the Software Center ["https://software.cisco.com/download/navigator.html"] on Cisco.com. It is not available as a standalone binary.

Customers who want to upgrade ROMMON to a fixed release will need to upgrade the Cisco IOS XE Software to a fixed release. On first boot, Cisco IOS XE Software will check the installed ROMMON release and upgrade it to the included release if the device is running an older release. A second reboot will be required to activate the upgraded ROMMON.

The Cisco Product Security Incident Response Team (PSIRT) validates only the affected and fixed release information that is documented in this advisory.</cvrf:Note>

# **Juniper Networks**





Channel Type Clear ^

- Security Advisories (1,010)
- Knowledge Base (8,160)
- Technical Bulletins (777)

Severity Level ^

- Critical (120)
- High (447)
- Low (37)
- Medium (352)
- None (39)

Category Group ^

- EOS (220)
- OS (616)
- Product (969)
- Security Advisories (995)
- Technology (18)

Category ^

- SIRT Advisory (988)
- Junos (694)
- Routers (638)
- Switches (457)
- Security (527)
- Junos OS Evolved (98)
- Network Management (85)
- SIRT Notices (91)
- [+ Show more](#)

Product Series/Feature ^

- QFX-Series (403)
- PTX-Series (365)
- SRX-Series HE (1499)
- MX-Series (429)
- EX-Series (397)
- ACX (320)
- Virtual SRX (131)
- M-Series (401)
- [+ Show more](#)

Channel Type: Security Advisories x

Clear All

Results 1-10 of 1,010 in 0.43 seconds

RELEVANCE DATE

**2023-01 Security Bulletin: Junos Space: Multiple vulnerabilities resolved in 22.3R1 release** 2023-0

Note: This vulnerability applies to Java deployments, typically in clients running ... CVSS 3.1 Base Score 5.3 (Availability impacts) ... CVSS 3.1 Base Score 3.7 (Integrity impacts).  
Article ID: JSA70185

**2015-10 Out of Cycle Security Bulletin: NTPorg announcement of multiple vulnerabilities.** 2023-0

Workaround:Juniper has published JSA10613 and JSA10663 previously to mitigate attacks and exploits ... KB16446: Common Vulnerability Scoring System (CVSS) and Juniper's Security Advisories ...  
Article ID: JSA10711

**2017-04 Security Bulletin: Junos: Multiple vulnerabilities in NTP [VU#633847]** 2023-0

In some cases, a Maintenance Release is not planned to be available in an appropriate ... Severity Assessment:Information for how Juniper Networks uses CVSS can be found at KB 16446 "Common ..."  
Article ID: JSA10776

**2021-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS and Junos OS Evolved: Multiple NTP vulnerabilities resolved.** 2023-0

mask <mask\_addr> noquery commit Note 1: With the above configuration all masked source addresses (source\_address & mask ... ) issue is being tracked as PR 12697141, 1446493 and 1446497.  
Article ID: JSA11171

**2023-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS: QFX10000 Series, PTX1000 Series: The dcpcfe process will crash when a malformed ethernet frame is received [CVE-2023-1697]** 2023-0

Title:2023-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS: QFX10000 Series, PTX1000 Series: The dcpcfe process will ... Affected platforms: PTX10 Series, QFX10000 Series,Severity Level:Medium,CVSS Score:6.5 (...)  
Article ID: JSA70612

**2023-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS: ACX Series: IPv6 firewall filter is not installed in PFE when "from next-header ah" is used [CVE-2023-28961]** 2023-0

This issue was seen during production usage ... 2023-04-12: Initial Publication. Related Information:KB16613: Overview of the Juniper Networks SIRT Quarterly Security Bulletin Publication ...  
Article ID: JSA70586

**2023-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS: Multiple vulnerabilities in J-Web** 2023-04-12

Title:2023-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS: Multiple vulnerabilities in J-WebArticle ID:JSA70587Product ... By chaining exploitation of these vulnerabilities, an unauthenticated network-based ...  
Article ID: JSA70587

## 2023-01 Security Bulletin: Junos Space: Multiple vulnerabilities resolved in 22.3R1 release

Article ID **JSA70185** Created 2023-01-11 Last Updated 2023-05-22

Print Report a Security Vulnerability

### Product Affected

These issues affect all versions of Junos Space.

Severity	Severity Assessment (CVSS) Score
Critical	9.8 (CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

### Problem

Multiple vulnerabilities have been resolved in the Junos Space 22.3R1 release by updating third party software included with Junos Space or by fixing vulnerabilities found during external security research.

These issues affect Juniper Networks Junos Space versions prior to 22.3R1.

Juniper SIRT is not aware of any malicious exploitation of these vulnerabilities.

This issue were discovered during external security research.

Important security issues resolved include:

CVE	CVSS	Summary
	7.4 (CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:H/A:H)	An issue was discovered in rsync before 3.2.5 that allows malicious remote servers to write arbitrary files inside the directories of connecting peers. The server chooses which files/directories are sent to the client. However, the rsync client performs insufficient validation of file names. A malicious rsync server (or Man-in-The-Middle attacker) can overwrite arbitrary files in the rsync client target directory and subdirectories (for example, overwrite the .ssh/authorized_keys file).
CVE-2022-29154	9.8 (CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)	A use-after-free vulnerability was found in systemd. This issue occurs due to the on_stream_io() function and dns_stream_complete() function in 'resolved-dns-stream.c' not incrementing the reference counting for the DNSStream object. Therefore, other functions and callbacks called can dereference the DNSStream object, causing the use-after-free when the reference is still used later.
CVE-2022-2526	5.9 (CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C/N/I:H/A:N)	Vulnerability in the Oracle Java SE, Oracle GraalVM Enterprise Edition product of Oracle Java SE (component: Hotspot). Supported versions that are affected are Oracle Java SE: 7u343, 8u333, 11.0.15.1, 17.0.3.1, 18.0.1.1; Oracle GraalVM Enterprise Edition: 20.3.6, 21.3.2 and 22.1.0. Difficult to exploit vulnerability allows unauthenticated attacker with network access via multiple protocols to compromise Oracle Java SE, Oracle GraalVM Enterprise Edition. Successful attacks of this vulnerability can result in unauthorized creation, deletion or modification access to critical data or all Oracle Java SE, Oracle GraalVM Enterprise Edition accessible data. Note: This vulnerability applies to Java deployments, typically in clients running sandboxed Java Web Start applications or sandboxed Java applets, that load and run untrusted code (e.g., code that comes from the internet) and rely on the Java sandbox for security. This vulnerability can also be exploited by using APIs in the specified Component, e.g., through a web service which supplies data to the APIs. CVSS 3.1 Base Score 5.9 (Integrity impacts). CVSS Vector: (CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:H/A:N).
CVE-2022-21541	5.9 (CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C/N/I:H/A:N)	

### People also viewed

2015-10 Out of Cycle Security Bulletin: NTPorg announcement of multiple vulnerabilities.

2017-04 Security Bulletin: Junos: Multiple vulnerabilities in NTP [VU#633847]

2021-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS and Junos OS Evolved: Multiple NTP vulnerabilities resolved.

2023-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS: ACX Series: IPv6 firewall filter is not installed in PFE when "from next-header ah" is used [CVE-2023-28961]

2023-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS: QFX10000 Series, PTX1000 Series: The dcpcfe process will crash when a malformed ethernet frame is received [CVE-2023-1697]

2023-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS and Junos OS Evolved: If malformed IPv6 router advertisements are received, memory corruption will occur which causes an rpd crash [CVE-2023-28981]

2023-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS and Junos OS Evolved: In a BGP rib sharding scenario an rpd crash will happen shortly after a specific CLI command is issued [CVE-2023-28980]

2023-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS and Junos OS Evolved: In a BGP rib sharding scenario when a route is frequently updated an rpd memory leak will occur [CVE-2023-28982]

2023-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS: Multiple vulnerabilities in J-Web

2023-01 Security Bulletin: Junos Space: Multiple vulnerabilities resolved in 22.3R1 release

## affected version の記述はそれぞれ

### Problem

Multiple vulnerabilities have been resolved in the Junos Space 22.3R1 release by updating third party software included with Junos Space or by fixing vulnerabilities found during external security research.

These issues affect Juniper Networks Junos Space versions prior to 22.3R1.

Juniper SIRT is not aware of any malicious exploitation of these vulnerabilities.

### Problem

Multiple NTP vulnerabilities have been resolved in Juniper Networks Junos OS and Junos OS Evolved by updating third party software where vulnerabilities were found during external security research.

These issues affect:

Juniper Networks Junos OS:

- 12.3 versions prior to 12.3R12-S15 on EX Series;
- 12.3X48 versions prior to 12.3X48-D95 on SRX Series;
- 14.1X53 versions prior to 14.1X53-D53;
- 15.1 versions prior to 15.1R7-S6 on EX Series;
- 15.1X49 versions prior to 15.1X49-D190 on SRX Series;
- 16.1 versions prior to 16.1R7-S6;
- 16.2 versions prior to 16.2R3;
- 17.1 versions prior to 17.1R2-S11, 17.1R3-S1;
- 17.2 versions prior to 17.2R1-S9, 17.2R2-S8, 17.2R3-S3;
- 17.3 versions prior to 17.3R2-S5, 17.3R3-S6;
- 17.4 versions prior to 17.4R2-S7, 17.4R3;
- 18.1 versions prior to 18.1R3-S8;
- 18.2 versions prior to 18.2R2-S7, 18.2R3-S1;
- 18.3 versions prior to 18.3R1-S5, 18.3R2-S2, 18.3R3;
- 18.4 versions prior to 18.4R1-S4, 18.4R2-S1, 18.4R3;
- 19.1 versions prior to 19.1R1-S3, 19.1R2;
- 19.2 versions prior to 19.2R1-S1, 19.2R2.

Juniper Networks Junos OS Evolved

- All versions prior to 20.1R1-EVO.

# affected product でシリーズ名しか書いておらず、対象製品を別に調べる必要がある

2023-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS: MX Series: If a specific traffic rate goes above the DDoS threshold it will lead to an FPC crash (CVE-2023-28976)

Article ID [JSA70601](#) Created 2023-04-12 Last Updated 2023-04-12



## Product Affected

This issue affects all versions of Junos OS. Affected platforms: MX Series.

Severity

High

Severity Assessment (CVSS) Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/SU:/C:N/I:N/A:H)

## Problem

An Improper Check for Unusual or Exceptional Conditions vulnerability in the packet forwarding engine (pfe) of Juniper Networks Junos OS on MX Series allows an unauthenticated, network-based attacker to cause a Denial of Service (DoS). If specific traffic is received on MX Series and its rate exceeds the respective DDoS protection limit the ingress PFE will crash and restart. Continued receipt of this traffic will create a sustained DoS condition.

This issue affects Juniper Networks Junos OS on MX Series:

All versions prior to 19.1R3-S10;  
19.2 versions prior to 19.2R3-S7;  
19.3 versions prior to 19.3R3-S8;  
19.4 versions prior to 19.4R3-S11;  
20.2 versions prior to 20.2R3-S5;  
20.4 versions prior to 20.4R3-S6;  
21.1 versions prior to 21.1R3-S5;  
21.2 versions prior to 21.2R3-S4;  
21.3 versions prior to 21.3R3;  
21.4 versions prior to 21.4R3;  
22.1 versions prior to 22.1R2.

Juniper SIRT is not aware of any malicious exploitation of this vulnerability.

This issue was seen during production usage.

This issue has been assigned CVE-2023-28976.

## Solution

The following software releases have been updated to resolve this specific issue: 19.4R3-S11, 20.2R3-S5, 20.4R3-S6, 21.1R3-S5, 21.2R3-S4, 21.3R3, 21.4R3, 22.1R2, 22.2R1, and all subsequent releases.

This issue is being tracked as 1647532

Note: Juniper SIRT's policy is not to evaluate releases which are beyond End of Engineering (EOE) or End of Life (EOL).

## Workaround

There are no known workarounds for this issue.

## Modification History

- 2023-04-12: Initial Publication.

## Related Information

- KB16613: Overview of the Juniper Networks SIRT Quarterly Security Bulletin Publication Process
- KB16765: In which releases are vulnerabilities fixed?
- KB16446: Common Vulnerability Scoring System (CVSS) and Juniper's Security Advisories
- Report a Security Vulnerability - How to Contact the Juniper Networks Security Incident Response Team
- CVE-2023-28976 at [cve.mitre.org](#)

## People also viewed

2023-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS: In a DDoS scenario upon receipt of a specific IPv6 packet an integrity check fails (CVE-2023-28979)

2023-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS and Junos OS Evolved: In a BGP rib sharding scenario when a route is frequently updated an rpd memory leak will occur (CVE-2023-28982)

2023-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS and Junos OS Evolved: In a BGP rib sharding scenario an rpd crash will happen shortly after a specific CLI command is issued (CVE-2023-28980)

2023-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS and Junos OS Evolved: If malformed IPv6 router advertisements are received, memory corruption will occur which causes an rpd crash (CVE-2023-28981)

2023-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS: QFX10000 Series, PTX1000 Series: The dcpfe process will crash when a malformed ethernet frame is received (CVE-2023-1697)

2023-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS: ACX Series: IPv6 firewall filter is not installed in PFE when "from next-header all" is used (CVE-2023-28961)

2023-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS: The kernel will crash when certain USB devices are inserted (CVE-2023-28975)

2023-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS: Multiple vulnerabilities in J-Web

2023-04 Security Bulletin: Junos OS: QFX Series: The PFE may crash when a lot of MAC addresses are being learned and aged (CVE-2023-28984)

2022-10 Security Bulletin: Junos OS: EX4300-MP, EX4600, QFX5000 Series: In VLAN scenarios specific packets processed cause a memory leak leading to a PFE crash (CVE-2022-22226)

2022-10 Security Bulletin: Junos OS: SRX Series: A flow core will be observed when malformed GPRS traffic is processed (CVE-2022-22235)

✓ AFFECTED PRODUCT SERIES / FEATURES

MX-Series

✓ AFFECTED PRODUCT SERIES / FEATURES

MX-Series



# **Palo Alto Networks**



Palo Alto Networks Security Advisories

Search

Filter Clear

version

severity

- CRITICAL
- HIGH
- MEDIUM
- LOW
- NONE

product

- AutoFocus 5
- Bridgecrew 2
- Bridgecrew Checkov 6
- Cloud NGFW 13
- Cortex Data Lake 4
- Cortex XDR 6
- Cortex XDR Agent 26
- Cortex XSOAR 19
- Cortex XSOAR PowerShell Image 1
- Cortex Xpanse 6
- Demisto 1

1 - 25 of 328 < > Newest

CVSS	Summary	Versions	Affected	Unaffected	Published	Updated
6.7	CVE-2023-0009 GlobalProtect App: Local Privilege Escalation (PE) Vulnerability	GlobalProtect App 6.1	< 6.1.1 on Windows	>= 6.1.1	2023-06-15	2023-06-15
		GlobalProtect App 6.0	< 6.0.5 on Windows	>= 6.0.5		
		GlobalProtect App 5.2	< 5.2.13 on Windows	>= 5.2.13		
5.4	CVE-2023-0010 PAN-OS: Reflected Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) Vulnerability in Captive Portal Authentication	Cloud NGFW	none	All	2023-06-15	2023-06-15
		PAN-OS 11.0	none	All		
		PAN-OS 10.2	< 10.2.2			
		PAN-OS 10.1	< 10.1.6			
		PAN-OS 10.0	< 10.0.11			
		PAN-OS 9.1	< 9.1.16			
		PAN-OS 9.0	< 9.0.17			
		PAN-OS 8.1	< 8.1.24			
		Prisma Access	none			
6.5	CVE-2023-0007 PAN-OS: Stored Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) Vulnerability in the Panorama Web Interface	Cloud NGFW	none			
		PAN-OS 11.0	none			
		PAN-OS 10.2	none			
		PAN-OS 10.0	< 10.0.7 on Panorama			
		PAN-OS 9.1	< 9.1.16 on Panorama			
		PAN-OS 9.0	< 9.0.17 on Panorama			
		PAN-OS 8.1	< 8.1.25 on Panorama			
		→ View additional products	none			

Palo Alto Networks Security Advisories / CVE-2023-0009

CVE-2023-0009 GlobalProtect App: Local Privilege Escalation (PE) Vulnerability



Attack Vector LOCAL Scope UNCHANGED  
 Attack Complexity LOW HIGH  
 Privileges Required HIGH Integrity Impact HIGH  
 User Interaction NONE Availability Impact HIGH

NVD JSON  
 Published: 2023-06-15  
 Updated: 2023-06-15  
 Reference: CPC-16078  
 Discoverer: externally

Description

A local privilege escalation (PE) vulnerability in the Palo Alto Networks GlobalProtect app on Windows enables a local service account or user with token impersonation privileges to execute programs with elevated privileges.

Product Status

Versions	Affected	Unaffected
GlobalProtect App 6.1	< 6.1.1 on Windows	>= 6.1.1
GlobalProtect App 6.0	< 6.0.5 on Windows	>= 6.0.5
GlobalProtect App 5.2	< 5.2.13 on Windows	>= 5.2.13

Severity: MEDIUM

CVSSv3.1 Base Score: 6.7 (CVSS:3.1|AV:L|AC:L|PR:H|UI:N|S:U|C:NI|HA:H)

Exploitation Status

Palo Alto Networks is not aware of any malicious exploitation of this issue.

Weakness Type

CWE-807: Reliance on Untrusted Inputs in a Security Decision

Solution

This issue is fixed in GlobalProtect app 5.2.13, GlobalProtect app 6.0.5, GlobalProtect app 6.1.1, and all later GlobalProtect app versions.

Acknowledgments

Palo Alto Networks thanks Muhammad Arman from Zurich Insurance for discovering and reporting this issue.

Timeline

2023-06-15 Initial publication



# **Arista Network**



## PSIRT Advisories

The following advisories and referenced materials are provided on an "as is" basis for use at your own risk. Arista Networks reserves the right to change or update the advisories without notice at any time.

### Security Advisory 0087

On the affected platforms running EOS, a malformed DHCP packet might cause the DHCP relay agent to restart. Arista is not aware of any malicious uses of this issue in customer networks.

The CVE-ID tracking this issue: CVE-2023-24510

[Read More >](#)

### Security Advisory 0086

On affected platforms running Arista EOS, an authorized attacker with permissions to perform gNMI requests could craft a request allowing it to update arbitrary configurations in the switch. This situation occurs only when the Streaming Telemetry Agent (referred to as the TerminAttr agent) is enabled and gNMI access is configured on the agent.

This situation occurs only when the Streaming Telemetry Agent (referred to as the TerminAttr agent) is enabled and gNMI access is configured on the agent.

The CVE-ID tracking this issue: CVE-2023-24512

[Read More >](#)

### Security Advisory 0085

This advisory details the impact of two issues discovered on Arista CloudEOS;

CVE-2023-24545: On affected platforms running Arista CloudEOS an issue in the Software Forwarding Engine (Sfe) can lead to a potential denial of service attack by sending malformed packets to the switch. This causes a leak of packet buffers and if enough malformed packets are received, the switch may eventually stop forwarding traffic.

CVE-2023-24513: On affected platforms running Arista CloudEOS a size check bypass issue in the Software Forwarding Engine (Sfe) may allow buffer over reads in later code. Additionally, depending on configured options this may cause a recomputation of the TCP checksum which could be leveraged in DDoS attacks.

[Read More >](#)

## Security Advisory 0087



Date: May 31, 2023

Revision	Date	Changes
1.0	May 31, 2023	Initial release

The CVE-ID tracking this issue: CVE-2023-24510

CVSSv3.1 Base Score: 7.5 (CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)

Common Weakness Enumeration: CWE-755 Improper Handling of Exceptional Conditions

This vulnerability is being tracked by BUG753188

## Description

On the affected platforms running EOS, a malformed DHCP packet might cause the DHCP relay agent to restart.

Arista is not aware of any malicious uses of this issue in customer networks.

## Vulnerability Assessment

### Affected Software

#### EOS Versions

This issue was introduced in EOS version 4.20.5.

- 4.29.1F and below releases in the 4.29.x train
- 4.28.6.1M and below releases in the 4.28.x train
- 4.27.9M and below releases in the 4.27.x train
- 4.26.9M and below releases in the 4.26.x train
- 4.25.10M and below releases in the 4.25.x train
- Note: While earlier EOS software versions may be affected, EOS software trains 4.24 and earlier have reached end of support and are no longer maintained.

# Web 版では Affected などが自由文法で書かれている

## Security Advisory 0007



Date: October 20th 2014

Revision	Date	Changes
1.0	October 20th 2014	Initial release

### SSLv3 is vulnerable to potential man in the middle attacks (CVE-2014-3566)

On October 14th, Arista became aware of a vulnerability in the Secure Sockets Layer version 3 (SSLv3) protocol which has been assigned CVE-2014-3566 and commonly referred to as "POODLE". POODLE stands for Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption. This vulnerability allows a man-in-the-middle attacker to decrypt cipher text using a padding oracle side-channel attack. More details are available in the public advisory.

Current clients negotiate TLS by default, but they may fall back to SSLv3 if the negotiation to use TLS has failed. An attacker performing an MITM attack could trigger a protocol downgrade to SSLv3 and by exploiting this vulnerability decrypt a subset of the communication.

This affects the versions of SSLv3 protocol that was used in EOS version 4.12.0 through 4.12.7.1 and 4.13.0 through 4.13.6. Other versions of EOS are not affected. Additionally this vulnerability only affects systems with Arista eAPI enabled with https transport.

Exploiting this vulnerability is not easily accomplished. Man-in-the-middle attacks require large amounts of time and resources. While the likelihood is low, Arista recommends implementing only TLS to avoid flaws in SSL. The latest releases of EOS include patches for this vulnerability. A software patch (RPM extension) is available that addresses the vulnerability for releases that are affected as below:

Releases affected	Releases not affected	Releases fixed
4.12.0 through 4.12.7.1	4.10.x all releases	4.12.8 or later
4.13.0 through 4.13.6	4.11.x all releases	4.13.7 or later
	Earlier releases are unaffected	4.14.0 or later

BugID 83779 addresses the issue.

All models of the Arista 7000 Series of fixed and modular systems are affected.

## Security Advisory 0087



Date: May 31, 2023

Revision	Date	Changes
1.0	May 31, 2023	Initial release

The CVE-ID tracking this issue: CVE-2023-24510

CVSSv3.1 Base Score: 7.5 (CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)

Common Weakness Enumeration: CWE-755 Improper Handling of Exceptional Conditions

This vulnerability is being tracked by BUG753188

## Description

On the affected platforms running EOS, a malformed DHCP packet might cause the DHCP relay agent to restart.

Arista is not aware of any malicious uses of this issue in customer networks.

## Vulnerability Assessment

### Affected Software

#### EOS Versions

This issue was introduced in EOS version 4.20.5.

- 4.29.1F and below releases in the 4.29.x train
- 4.28.6.1M and below releases in the 4.28.x train
- 4.27.9M and below releases in the 4.27.x train
- 4.26.9M and below releases in the 4.26.x train
- 4.25.10M and below releases in the 4.25.x train
- Note: While earlier EOS software versions may be affected, EOS software trains 4.24 and earlier have reached end of support and are no longer maintained.



# CSAFではバージョンの表現に苦労してそう

## Affected Software

### CVE-2021-28508

EOS versions (When Octa is in use on the device) :

- 4.23.11 and below release in the 4.23.x train
- 4.24.9 and below release in the 4.24.x train
- 4.25.7 and below releases in the 4.25.x train
- 4.26.5 and below releases in the 4.26.x train
- 4.27.1 and below releases in the 4.27.x train

TerminAttr versions:

- TerminAttr v1.10.10 and all prior releases
- TerminAttr v1.16.7 and all prior releases in the v1.11.x-v1.16.x trains
- TerminAttr v1.18.1 and all prior releases in the v1.17.x-v1.18.x trains

### CVE-2021-28509

EOS versions (When Octa is in use on the device) :

- 4.23.11 and below release in the 4.23.x train
- 4.24.9 and below release in the 4.24.x train
- 4.25.7 and below releases in the 4.25.x train
- 4.26.5 and below releases in the 4.26.x train
- 4.27.3 and below releases in the 4.27.x train

TerminAttr versions:

- TerminAttr v1.10.10 and all prior releases
- TerminAttr v1.16.7 and all prior releases in the v1.11.x-v1.16.x trains
- TerminAttr v1.19.1 and all prior releases in the v1.17.x-v1.19.x trains

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    }
  ]
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```

[1] <https://www.arista.com/en/support/advisories-notices/security-advisory/15484-security-advisory-0077>  
[2] [https://www.arista.com/assets/data/SecurityAdvisories/CSAF/arista\\_networks\\_security\\_advisory\\_77.json](https://www.arista.com/assets/data/SecurityAdvisories/CSAF/arista_networks_security_advisory_77.json)





**YAMAHA**



# 総アドバイザー数: 50 / リスト / Web

## ヤマハルーターシリーズのFAQ / Security

- 「Apache Log4j」における任意のコードが実行可能な脆弱性 について
- 「ヤマハ製のルーターにおける複数の脆弱性」について
- 「ISC DHCP におけるバッファオーバーフローの脆弱性」について
- 「ヤマハ製の複数のネットワーク機器におけるサービス運用妨害 (DoS) の脆弱性」について
- 「OpenSSL に複数の脆弱性」について
- 「ヤマハ製の複数のネットワーク機器における複数のスクリプトインジェクションの脆弱性」について
- 「IKEv1 のメインモードに該当なり攻撃に対する脆弱性」について
- 「CPU に対するサイドチャネル攻撃」について
- 「Wi-Fi Protected Access II (WPA2) ハンドシェイクにおいて Nonce およびセッション鍵が再利用される問題」について
- OSPFのLink State Advertisement (LSA) の扱いに関する脆弱性について
- 「OpenSSL に複数の脆弱性」について
- 「OpenSSL に複数の脆弱性」について
- 「OpenSSL に複数の脆弱性」について
- 「glibc にバッファオーバーフローの脆弱性」について
- 「IKE/IKEv2 プロトコルがDOS攻撃に悪用される脆弱性」について
- 「OpenSSL に複数の脆弱性」について
- 「複数ルーターにおけるコリクショキャッシング対策の不備の脆弱性」について
- 「TLS プロトコルにおける暗号アルゴリズムのダウングレード攻撃を実行される脆弱性(Logjam)」を含む「OpenSSL の複数の脆弱性」について
- 「SSL/TLS の実装が輸出グレードの RSA 鍵を受け入れる問題 (FREAK 攻撃)」を含む「OpenSSL の複数の脆弱性」について
- ntpd の脆弱性 (VU#960560) について
- 「SSLv3/TLS プロトコルに暗号化データを解読される脆弱性」および「メモリーリクによるサービス運用妨害 (DoS) の脆弱性」について
- GNU Bash 「OS コマンドインジェクション」の脆弱性について
- OpenSSL 「Change Cipher Specメッセージ処理」の脆弱性について
- ヤマハネットワーク機器はOpenSSL 「Heartbleed」脆弱性の影響を受けませんが、インターネットからの攻撃によるヤマハルーターのリポート等について
- ntpdのmonlist機能を使ったDDoS攻撃に関する注意喚起について
- オープンリゾルバー (Open Resolver) に対する注意喚起について
- RFCの記述の不整合を起因とするOSPFv2の脆弱性について
- MS-CHAPv2の認証情報漏えいの問題に関する注意喚起について
- IPの実装におけるサービス運用妨害(DoS)の脆弱性について
- 主にUNIX/Linux系サーバを対象としたインターネット公開サーバのセキュリティ設定に関する注意喚起について
- IPv6プロトコルにおけるサービス運用妨害(DoS)の脆弱性について
- TCPの実装におけるサービス運用妨害(DoS)の脆弱性について
- SSH通信において一部データが漏えいする可能性について
- MDSアルゴリズムの脆弱性について
- 不正なSIPパケット受信による無音電話現象の多発について
- DNS機能におけるキャッシュポイズニングの脆弱性について
- BGP UPDATEメッセージ受信の脆弱性について
- UPnP機能に関する脆弱性について
- WWWブラウザによる設定におけるクロスサイト・リクエスト・フォージェリの脆弱性について
- IPv6の脆弱性 (VU#267289) について
- Winny 検出・遅延機能 (Winny フィルタ) について
- ISAKMP-I に影響を与える脆弱性 (NISCC273756) について
- TCP の脆弱性 (VU#102014) について
- JAVA の 7 月 28 日問題 について
- IPsec の脆弱性 について
- TCP の脆弱性 (VU#637934) について
- TCP の脆弱性 (US-CERT TA04-111A) について
- Blaster フォームおよびその亜種による影響について

(意図せぬISDN回線の長時間接続やインターネット接続が不安定・繋がらないなどの問題)

## RTシリーズのセキュリティーに関するFAQ

### 「ヤマハ製のルーターにおける複数の脆弱性」について

#### 概要

JPCERT/CC より以下の新たな脆弱性が報告されました。

- JPCERT/CC JVN/JV#91161784 ヤマハ製のルーターにおける複数の脆弱性
- この脆弱性の影響を受けるヤマハネットワーク製品があることが分かりました。

(※：該当、-：非該当)

JVN No.	CVE No.	ルーター/ ファイアウォール	UTM アプライアンス	無線LAN アクセスポイント	L2/L3 スイッチ
JVNUJ#91161784	CVE-2021-20843 CVE-2021-20844	✓	-	-	-

対策方法につきましては以下をご確認ください。

### ○ヤマハルーターおよびファイアウォールについて

#### 脆弱性と概要

ヤマハルーターの Web GUI が以下の脆弱性の影響を受け、意図しない機能を実行させられる可能性があります。

- XSSI (クロスサイトスクリプトインクルージョン)
- HTTPレスポンスヘッダインジェクション

本脆弱性を使用することによる想定される主な影響としては以下となります。

管理者が「ルーターのGUIページを開いている」時に「ルーターの外部にあるXSSI攻撃が仕込まれたWebページ」へアクセスする事で、ルーターの設定を攻撃者の意図した内容へ変更することが出来ます。

#### 対象となる機種およびファームウェア

機種	該当ファームウェア
RTX830	Rev.15.02.17 以前
NVR510	Rev.15.01.18 以前
NVR700W	Rev.15.00.19 以前
RTX1210	Rev.14.01.38 以前

注：表に記載していない機種は全て非該当です。

#### 対策

この脆弱性への対策をした以下のファームウェアへのリビジョンアップをお願いします。

機種	対策済みファームウェア
RTX830	Rev.15.02.20
NVR510	Rev.15.01.21
NVR700W	Rev.15.00.22
RTX1210	Rev.14.01.40

#### 回避策

脆弱性の対策済みファームウェアの使用が困難な場合、以下のいずれかの方法で回避することができます。

- httpd service off を設定し、HTTPサーバー機能を無効にする
- httpd host none を設定し、全てのホストからのGUI設定画面へのアクセスを禁止する

# affected部分などフォーマットが異なる

## RTシリーズのセキュリティに関するFAQ

### 「ヤマハ製のルーターにおける複数の脆弱性」について

#### 概要

JPCERT/CC より以下の新たな脆弱性が報告されました。

- [JPCERT/CC JNVNU#91161784 ヤマハ製のルーターにおける複数の脆弱性](#)

この脆弱性の影響を受けるヤマハネットワーク製品があることが分かりました。

(✓：該当、-：非該当)

JVN No.	CVE No.	ルーター/ ファイアウォール	UTMアプライアンス	無線LANアクセスポイント	L2/L3スイッチ
JNVNU#91161784	CVE-2021-20843 CVE-2021-20844	✓	-	-	-

対策方法につきましては以下をご確認ください。

### ○ヤマハルーター および ファイアウォールについて

#### 脆弱性と概要

ヤマハルーターの Web GUI が以下の脆弱性の影響を受け、意図しない機能を実行させられる可能性があります。

1. XSS (クロスサイトスクリプトインJECTION)
2. HTTPレスポンスヘッダインジェクション

本脆弱性を使用することによる想定される主な影響としては以下となります。

管理者が「ルーターのGUIページを開いている」時に「ルーターの外部にあるXSS攻撃が仕込まれたページ」へアクセスする事で、ルーターの設定を攻撃者の意図した内容へ変更することが出来ます。

#### 対象となる機種およびファームウェア

機種	該当ファームウェア
RTX830	Rev.15.02.17 以前
NVRS10	Rev.15.01.18 以前
NVR700W	Rev.15.00.19 以前
RTX1210	Rev.14.01.38 以前

注：表に記載していない機種は全て非該当です。

#### 対策

この脆弱性への対策をした以下のファームウェアへのリビジョンアップをお願いします。

機種	対策済みファームウェア
RTX830	Rev.15.02.20
NVRS10	Rev.15.01.21
NVR700W	Rev.15.00.22
RTX1210	Rev.14.01.40

#### 回避策

脆弱性の対策済みファームウェアの使用が困難な場合、以下のいずれかの方法で回避することができます。

- **httpd service off** を設定し、HTTPサーバー機能を無効にする
- **httpd host none** を設定し、全てのホストからのGUI設定画面へのアクセスを禁止する

## RTシリーズのセキュリティに関するFAQ

タイプ0のルーティングヘッダが付いたIPv6がDoS攻撃に使われる可能性のある脆弱性について

最終変更日 2018/Nov/06

文書サイズ 5.1K

### タイプ0のルーティングヘッダが付いたIPv6がDoS攻撃に使われる可能性のある脆弱性について

RFC2460およびRTシリーズのIPv6機能の仕様以下の脆弱性があることがわかりました。

#### 脆弱性とその概要

- [US-CERT Vulnerability Note VU#267289 JNVNU#267289](#)

IPv6ルーティングを行っている場合に限り、タイプ0のルーティングヘッダが付いたIPv6がDoS攻撃に使われる可能性があります。

#### 対象となる機種およびファームウェア

- RTX1000 : Rev.7.01.35以降
- RTX1100, RTX1500, RTX2000, RTX3000, SRT100, RT250i, RT107e, RTV700, RT57i, RT58i : すべてのファームウェア

#### 対策

- 自分宛でタイプ0のルーティングヘッダが付いたIPv6は処理せずに破棄するようにした対策済みファームウェアにリビジョンアップする。このとき、`ipv6 rh0 discard`コマンドは初期値(on)に設定する。

2018/Nov/06時点でリリースされている対策済みファームウェアは以下の通りです。

機種	対策済みファームウェア
RTX1000	Rev.8.01.24以降 Rev.7.01.53以降
RTX1100	Rev.8.03.60以降
RTX1500	Rev.8.03.60以降
RTX2000	Rev.7.01.53以降
RTX3000	Rev.9.00.24以降
SRT100	Rev.10.00.19以降
RT250i	Rev.8.02.50以降
RT107e	Rev.8.03.60以降
RTV700	Rev.8.00.84以降
RT57i	Rev.8.00.89以降
RT58i	Rev.9.01.29以降

[1] <http://www.rtpro.yamaha.co.jp/RT/FAQ/Security/JNVNU91161784.html>

[2] <http://www.rtpro.yamaha.co.jp/RT/FAQ/Security/VU267289.html>

**NEC**



# 総アドバイザー数: ? / リスト / Web

ホーム > 製品 > NECグループ製品セキュリティ情報 > セキュリティ情報

ホーム > 製品 > 企業・官公庁向け製品一覧 > UNIVERGE IXシリーズ > 技術情報お知らせ > 脆弱性情報

ホーム > ソリューション・サービス > UNIVERGE > UNIVERGE WAシリーズ > 技術情報お知らせ > 脆弱性情報に関するお知らせ

- NECグループ製品セキュリティ情報
- お知らせ
- セキュリティ情報
- アルファベット順 (影響のある製品)
- 日付順 (影響のある製品)
- 脆弱性公開ポリシー
- 関連リンク

## セキュリティ情報

### 2023年

問題番号	脆弱性情報識別番号	掲載日 (更新日)
NV23-006	タイトル JNVNWA4155938	2023/04/21
	Apache HTTP Server 2.4.18における脆弱性に對するアップデート	
NV23-005	JNVNWA91253151	2023/04/21
	Apache Tomcat/Apache Commons FileUploadにおけるサービス運用障害 (DoS) の脆弱性	
NV23-004	JNVNWA91213144	2023/04/21
	OpenSSLに脆弱性の脆弱性	
NV23-003	JNVNWA99929083	2023/04/21
	Apache HTTP Server 2.4.18における脆弱性に對するアップデート	
NV23-002	JNVNWA92673251	2023/03/27
	OpenSSLに脆弱性の脆弱性	
NV23-001	CVE-2023-29511	2023/03/10
	PC設定ツールに入力過程での予備に関する脆弱性	

### 過去のセキュリティ情報

- 2022年
- 2021年
- 2020年
- 2019年
- 2018年
- 2017年
- 2016年
- 2015年
- 2014年
- 2013年
- 2012年
- 2011年
- 2010年
- 2009年
- 2008年
- 2007年
- 2006年
- 2005年
- 2004年
- 2003年
- 2002年

## UNIVERGE IXシリーズ

- 製品概要
- 製品ラインナップ
- ハードウェア仕様
- ソフトウェア仕様
- 技術情報お知らせ
- ソリューション
- マニュアル
- ダウンロード
- FAQ
- 保守サービス
- 価格
- ゼロコンプライアンス
- 企業・官公庁・通信事業者のお客さま
- 中堅・中小企業のお客さま
- 個人のお客さま

- 関連リンク
- UNIVERGEサイト
  - 企業向けネットワーク機器

## UNIVERGE IXシリーズ 技術情報/お知らせ

### 脆弱性問題に関するお知らせ

項目	更新日
IX2000IX3000シリーズ「OpenSSHにおける脆弱性」に関する報告	2022/11/30
IX2000IX3000シリーズ「OpenSSLに脆弱性の脆弱性」に関する報告	2021/05/20
IX2000IX3000シリーズ「TCP接続時の脆弱性」に関する報告	2021/05/20
IX2000IX3000シリーズ「IPv4のメソッドに相当する攻撃に対する脆弱性(JNVNWA95609781)」に関する報告	2018/09/21
HTTPサーバ(OpenWebサーバ)の外部インターネット公開に関する注意事項	2017/12/22
IX2000IX3000シリーズ「OpenSSLに脆弱性の脆弱性(JNVNWA98667810)」に関する報告	2016/10/06
IX1000IX2000IX3000シリーズ「IPv6のEv2/IPv6攻撃の組みあてとして使用される問題(JNVNWA94476430)」に関する報告	2016/03/03
IX2000IX3000シリーズ「Webコンソールにおけるクッキーセッションの脆弱性(JVnwa9135656)」に関する報告	2015/11/09
IX2000IX3000シリーズ「Tlsプロトコルにおける脆弱性(JNVNWA9135656)」に関する報告	2015/10/08
IX2000IX3000シリーズ「SSL/TLSの実装が輸出ポリシーの承認を受けられない問題(IPSec攻撃)」に関する報告	2015/03/30
IX2000IX3000シリーズ「SSL/TLSの実装が輸出ポリシーの承認を受けられない問題(IPSec攻撃)」に関する報告	2014/10/20
IX2000IX3000シリーズ「OpenSSL脆弱性問題に関する報告	2014/10/20
IX2000IX3000シリーズTCP脆弱性に関する報告	2013/09/04
IX1000IX2000IX3000シリーズOSPF脆弱性情報 (CVE-2013-6440)に関する報告	2013/09/04
IX1000IX2000IX3000シリーズISAKMP脆弱性に對する影響についての報告	2012/07/23
IX1000IX2000IX3000シリーズIPv6 MLN脆弱性情報 (CVE-2012-6440)に関する報告	2008/09/25
IX1000IX2000IX3000シリーズDNS脆弱性情報 (CVE-2008-1131)に関する報告	2008/08/25
IX1000IX2000IX3000シリーズIPsec通信の設定に存在する脆弱性についての報告	2005/05/17

## UNIVERGE WA シリーズ

- 製品ラインナップ
- 製品仕様
- 技術情報お知らせ
- ダウンロード
- 事例メディア掲載
- 保守サービス
- FAQ

### 関連リンク

- UNIVERGEサイト
- 企業向けネットワーク機器

## UNIVERGE WAシリーズ 技術情報

### 脆弱性問題に関するお知らせ

2022年3月9日	WAシリーズにおける「OSコマンドインジェクション」の脆弱性に関するお知らせ
2020年3月18日	WAシリーズにおける「IPv6」の脆弱性に関するお知らせ
2018年9月	
2017年12月	
2017年10月	
2016年10月	
2016年3月	
2015年11月	
2015年7月	
2015年4月	
2015年1月	
2014年10月	

### 技術情報

- UNIVERGE IP8000シリーズ
- ニュース
- 製品ラインナップ
- 販売終了品
- ダウンロード

### 技術情報

- お問い合わせ

### 脆弱性問題に関するお知らせ

2022年12月08日	「[CVE-2021-29999]」に関する報告
2021年04月15日	「[POTPOD脆弱性 (URGENT11)]」に関する報告
2017年11月27日	「[OSPF脆弱性 (VUWA735486)]」に関する報告
2017年08月23日	「[TCP脆弱性 (VUWA718152、VUWA1440)]」に関する報告
2016年01月28日	「[TCP脆弱性 (VUWA78152、VUWA1440)]」に関する報告
2016年01月28日	「[TCP脆弱性 (VUWA78152、VUWA1440)]」に関する報告
2016年02月17日	「[TCP脆弱性 (VUWA52870)]」に関する報告
2015年04月17日	「[SSL3.0脆弱性(POODLE)]」に関する報告
2014年04月08日	「[TCP脆弱性]」に関する報告
2010年10月15日	「[TCP脆弱性]」に関する報告
2010年07月14日	「[TCP/TLS脆弱性]」に関する報告
2008年06月30日	「[Sshv2の認証プロトコル]」に関する脆弱性に関する報告
2008年06月30日	「[SSHv2の認証プロトコル]」に関する脆弱性に関する報告
2008年06月30日	「[SSHv2の認証プロトコル]」に関する脆弱性に関する報告
2007年08月31日	「[IPv6 Routing Header Type 0]」に関する報告
2005年11月10日	「[TCPのACK応答遅延による脆弱性]」に関する報告
2005年08月29日	「[TCPタイムスタンプオプションに関する脆弱性]」
2005年08月29日	「[TCP攻撃におけるCMPスリープ攻撃に関する脆弱性について]」

IXルータに関するアドバイザリは2箇所掲載されている（アドバイザリリストを分割する意味がない）

## IXルータ

2022/12/09	JVNVU#90813125
	OpenSSLのBN_mod_sqrt()における法が非素数のときに無限ループを引き起こす問題

## IX1000/IX2000/IX3000シリーズ

2018/11/06	JVNVU#93409761, VU#857035
	IKEv1のメインモードに縦当たり攻撃に対する脆弱性
2017/01/31	JVNVU#98667810
	OpenSSLに複数の脆弱性

ホーム > 製品 > 企業・官公庁向け製品一覧 > UNIVERGE IXシリーズ > 技術情報お知らせ > 脆弱性情報

### UNIVERGE IXシリーズ >

- 製品概要 >
- 製品ラインナップ >
- ハードウェア仕様 >
- ソフトウェア仕様 >
- 技術情報/お知らせ >**
- ソリューション >
- マニュアル >
- ダウンロード >
- FAQ >
- 保守サービス >
- 価格 >
- ゼロコンフィグモデル >
- 企業・官公庁・通信事業者  
のお客さま >
- 中堅・中小企業のお客さま >
- 個人のお客さま >

### 関連リンク

UNIVERGEサイト  
企業向けネットワーク機器

## UNIVERGE IXシリーズ 技術情報/お知らせ

### 脆弱性問題に関するお知らせ

項目	更新日
IX2000/IX3000シリーズ「OpenSSHおける脆弱性」に関するご報告	2022/11/30
IX2000/IX3000シリーズ「OpenSSLに複数の脆弱性」に関するご報告	2021/05/20
IX2000/IX3000シリーズ「TCP通信時の脆弱性」に関するご報告	2021/05/20
IX2000/IX3000シリーズ「IKEv1のメインモードに縦当たり攻撃に対する脆弱性(JVNVU#93409761)」に関するご報告	2018/09/21
HTTPサーバ「Pshinetサーバ」の外部インターネット公開に関する注意事項	2017/12/22
IX2000/IX3000シリーズ「OpenSSLに複数の脆弱性」JVNVU#98667810」に関するご報告	2017/01/06
IX1000/IX2000/IX3000シリーズ「IKEv1、IKEv2/DNS攻撃の組み直しとして使用される問題」JVNVU#91475436」に関するご報告	2016/03/03
IX2000/IX3000シリーズ「Webコンソールにおけるクッキーセッションの脆弱性」JVNV#8135668」に関するご報告	2015/11/09
IX2000/IX3000シリーズ「TLSプロトコルにおける脆弱性アルゴリズムのダウンロード攻撃を実行される脆弱性」JLogmm」に関するご報告	2015/09/08
IX2000/IX3000シリーズ「SSL/TLSの実装が輸出グレードのRSA鍵を受け入れる問題」FRANK攻撃」に関するご報告	2015/03/30
IX2000/IX3000シリーズ「SSLv3プロトコルに脆弱化データを転送される脆弱性」POODLE攻撃」に関するご報告	2014/10/20
IX2000/IX3000シリーズ「OpenSSL脆弱性問題に関するご報告	2014/10/20
IX2000/IX3000シリーズ「TCP脆弱性に関するご報告	2013/09/04
IX1000/IX2000/IX3000シリーズ「OSPF脆弱性問題」VU#PZ28904」に関するご報告	2013/09/04
IX1000/IX2000/IX3000シリーズ「ISAKMP脆弱性に関する距離についての脆弱性	2012/07/23
IX1000/IX2000/IX3000シリーズ「IPv6、MLD脆弱性問題」VU#HS17340」に関するご報告	2008/06/25
IX1000/IX2000/IX3000シリーズ「DNS脆弱性問題」VU#HS0113」に関するご報告	2008/06/25
IX1000/IX2000/IX3000シリーズ「IPsec通信の設定に存在する脆弱性に関するご報告	2005/05/17

[1] <https://jpn.nec.com/security-info/sec.html> [2] <https://jpn.nec.com/univerge/ix/Support/Security-Info/index.html>

あるアドバイザーリストの中で、アドバイザーのフォーマットが統一されていない

## 製品カテゴリ

対象装置：	IX3315,IX3110,IX3015,IX2310,IX2235,IX2215,IX2207,IX2106,IX2105 (ゼロコンフィグモデルを含む)
対象ソフトウェア：	ソフトウェアバージョン： Ver.8.7以降

## 「OpenSSLに複数の脆弱性」の想定される影響と対策および回避策

### 【想定される影響】

装置が再起動し、サービス運用妨害（DoS）状態になる可能性があります。

### 【影響を受ける条件】

SSHサーバ機能

### 【回避方法・復旧方法】

以下のいずれかの方法で回避してください。

- ソフトウェアをバージョンアップする。
- ソフトウェアを更新できない場合は、以下のように対処する。
  - SSHサーバ機能:  
SSHサーバへのアクセスは、IPsec経由のみを許可する。  
または  
SSHサーバへのアクセスにアクセスリストを設定することで、  
限定した端末のみアクセス許可する。

### 【修正バージョン】

Ver10.6.21/Ver10.5.22/Ver.10.2.35(IX2105のみ)以降

## DNS脆弱性問題(VU#800113)の予測される影響

### 【影響を受ける条件】

以下2つの条件に合致する場合、この脆弱性問題の影響を受けます。

現在使用しているソフトウェアのバージョンが ver.6.0.29 ~ ver.8.1.15に該当。  
(ver.7.5.0の場合、ver.7.5.73以降は非該当)  
DNSキャッシュ機能を使用している。

機種名	ver.6.0未満	ver.6.0.29 ~ ver.8.1.15	ver.7.5.73	ver.8.2.19以降
IX1010, IX1011, IX1020, IX3050	影響を受けません	影響を受けます	リリース対象外	リリース対象外
IX2003	影響を受けません	影響を受けます	リリース対象外	リリース対象外
IX2004	—	影響を受けます	影響を受けません	リリース対象外
IX2005	—	影響を受けます	影響を受けません	影響を受けません
IX2010	影響を受けません	影響を受けます	影響を受けません	影響を受けません
IX2015	—	影響を受けます	影響を受けません	影響を受けません
IX3010	影響を受けません	影響を受けます	影響を受けません	影響を受けません
IX3110	—	影響を受けます	影響を受けません	影響を受けません

### 【DNSキャッシュ使用時の影響】

キャッシュポイズニング攻撃は、悪意を持った第三者から偽造したDNS responseパケットを送り込まれることにより影響を受けます。

IX1000/IX2000/IX3000シリーズルータでは、DNS queryパケットの送信元ポート番号はランダムである、ある範囲内で1ずつ加算された番号で送信されます。

このため、悪意を持った第三者により偽造したIPアドレスを教えられる可能性があります。この攻撃によって、ルータ内のDNSキャッシュ情報に誤ったIPアドレス情報が記憶されます。

ただし、IX1000/IX2000/IX3000シリーズルータ自身は異常動作とはなりません。

## 対策

### 【修正ソフトウェアへのバージョンアップ】

修正ソフトウェアでは、DNS queryパケットの送信元ポートをDNS queryごとにランダムにすることにより、キャッシュポイズニング攻撃が成功する確率を低減しています。

修正ソフトウェアが存在しない機種については、次項の「設定による回避」を適用してください。

修正ソフトウェアの入手については、本製品をお買い上げの販売店にご相談下さい。

### 【設定による回避】

悪意を持った第三者により攻撃を受ける可能性がある環境では、DNSキャッシュ機能は使用しないようにしてください。

DNSキャッシュ機能はデフォルト「無効」です。  
有効にしているユーザは、以下のコマンドを投入して無効化してください。

```
Router(config)# no dns cache enable (※)再起動不要
```

# **Appendix B:** **SW 界隈の脆弱性アドバイザリ公開体制**





# API

```
$ curl -s https://access.redhat.com/labs/securitydataapl/cve.json | jq
[
  {
    "CVE": "CVE-2023-24535",
    "severity": "moderate",
    "public_date": "2023-06-14T08:49:00Z",
    "advisories": [],
    "bugzilla": "2214960",
    "bugzilla_description": "panic when parsing an incomplete number",
    "cvss_score": null,
    "cvss_scoring_vector": null,
    "CWE": "CWE-400",
    "affected_packages": [],
    "resource_url": "https://access.redhat.com/hydra/rest/securitydata/cve/CVE-2023-24535.json",
    "cvss3_scoring_vector": "CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:L",
    "cvss3_score": "5.3"
  },
  {
    "CVE": "CVE-2023-24897",
    "severity": "important",
    "public_date": "2023-06-14T00:00:00Z",
    "advisories": [],
    "bugzilla": "2192437",
    "bugzilla_description": "RemoteCodeExecution - Out-of-bounds write when loading PDB type records in msdia140.dll used by Visual Studio",
    "cvss_score": null,
    "cvss_scoring_vector": null,
    "CWE": null,
    "affected_packages": [],
    "resource_url": "https://access.redhat.com/hydra/rest/securitydata/cve/CVE-2023-24897.json",
    "cvss3_scoring_vector": "CVSS:3.1/AV:L/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H",
    "cvss3_score": "7.8"
  },
  ...
]
```

```
$ curl -s https://access.redhat.com/hydra/rest/securitydata/cve/CVE-2023-24535.json
{
  "threat_severity": "Moderate",
  "public_date": "2023-06-14T08:49:00Z",
  "bugzilla": {
    "description": "panic when parsing an incomplete number",
    "id": "2214960",
    "url": "https://bugzilla.redhat.com/show_bug.cgi?id=2214960"
  },
  "cvss3": {
    "cvss3_base_score": "5.3",
    "cvss3_scoring_vector": "CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:L",
    "status": "draft"
  },
  "cwe": "CWE-400",
  "details": [
    "Parsing invalid messages can panic. Parsing a text-format message which contains a potential number consisting of a minus sign, one or more characters of whitespace, and no further input will cause a panic."
  ],
  "package_state": [
    {
      "product_name": "cert-manager Operator for Red Hat OpenShift",
      "fix_state": "Under investigation",
      "package_name": "cert-manager/cert-manager-operator-rhel8",
      "cpe": "cpe:/a:redhat:cert_manager:1"
    }
  ],
  ...
}
```

# Index of

## Index of /pub/projects/security/cvrf-cve/

---

<a href="#">..</a>		
<a href="#">LICENSE</a>	23-May-2022 14:20	226
<a href="#">README</a>	13-Apr-2022 11:56	627
<a href="#">README-</a>	15-Jun-2021 13:54	322
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-1999-0003.xml</a>	09-Jun-2021 08:29	3217
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-1999-0077.xml</a>	02-Feb-2023 03:38	145K
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-1999-0103.xml</a>	30-Nov-2022 04:12	5268
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-1999-0195.xml</a>	17-Jan-2023 03:50	41K
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-1999-0517.xml</a>	03-Feb-2023 03:21	79K
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-1999-0519.xml</a>	31-Aug-2022 00:47	3161
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-1999-0524.xml</a>	06-Apr-2023 01:47	171K
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-1999-0548.xml</a>	09-Jun-2021 08:29	3217
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2000-0328.xml</a>	09-Jun-2021 08:29	3338
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2000-0508.xml</a>	09-Jun-2021 08:29	3266
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2000-0573.xml</a>	09-Jun-2021 08:29	3413
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2000-0666.xml</a>	09-Jun-2021 08:29	3379
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2000-0800.xml</a>	09-Jun-2021 08:29	3351
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2000-0916.xml</a>	09-Jun-2021 08:29	3457
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2000-1254.xml</a>	02-Feb-2023 03:38	170K
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2001-0168.xml</a>	09-Jun-2021 08:29	3481
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2001-0328.xml</a>	09-Jun-2021 08:29	3538
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2001-0405.xml</a>	26-Nov-2022 03:04	74K
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2001-0554.xml</a>	09-Jun-2021 08:29	3513
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2001-0775.xml</a>	09-Jun-2021 08:29	3429
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2001-0851.xml</a>	26-Nov-2022 03:04	74K
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2001-1013.xml</a>	09-Jun-2021 08:29	3750
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2001-1267.xml</a>	18-Feb-2023 02:09	49K
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2001-1350.xml</a>	09-Jun-2021 08:29	3389
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2001-1483.xml</a>	09-Jun-2021 08:29	3528
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2001-1487.xml</a>	09-Jun-2021 08:29	3404
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2001-1593.xml</a>	20-Mar-2023 03:05	6041
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2002-0029.xml</a>	09-Jun-2021 08:30	4003
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2002-0389.xml</a>	15-Feb-2023 03:08	4764
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2002-0392.xml</a>	26-Nov-2022 03:04	36K
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2002-0399.xml</a>	02-Feb-2023 03:38	50K
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2002-0435.xml</a>	09-Jun-2021 08:30	3818
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2002-0510.xml</a>	09-Jun-2021 08:30	3440
<a href="#">cvrf-CVE-2002-0651.xml</a>	09-Jun-2021 08:30	3691

# 公開年やプロダクト毎でまとめる

Index of /cvrf/ <input type="text" value="Search"/>	
Name	Last Modified
<a href="#">2000/</a>	-
<a href="#">2001/</a>	-
<a href="#">2002/</a>	-
<a href="#">2003/</a>	-
<a href="#">2004/</a>	-
<a href="#">2005/</a>	-
<a href="#">2006/</a>	-
<a href="#">2007/</a>	-
<a href="#">2008/</a>	-
<a href="#">2009/</a>	-
<a href="#">2010/</a>	-
<a href="#">2011/</a>	-
<a href="#">2012/</a>	-
<a href="#">2013/</a>	-
<a href="#">2014/</a>	-
<a href="#">2015/</a>	-
<a href="#">2016/</a>	-
<a href="#">2017/</a>	-
<a href="#">2018/</a>	-
<a href="#">2019/</a>	-
<a href="#">2020/</a>	-
<a href="#">2021/</a>	-
<a href="#">2022/</a>	-
<a href="#">2023/</a>	-

Index of /oval/v2/RHEL9/ <input type="text" value="Search"/>	
Name	Last Modified
<a href="#">amq-clients-2-including-unpatched.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Wed, 14 Jun 2023 03:44:59 +0000
<a href="#">amq-clients-2.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Mon, 24 Oct 2022 17:58:13 +0000
<a href="#">amq-clients-3-including-unpatched.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Mon, 24 Oct 2022 18:06:28 +0000
<a href="#">amq-clients-3.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Mon, 24 Oct 2022 17:58:16 +0000
<a href="#">fast-datapath-including-unpatched.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Wed, 14 Jun 2023 18:08:01 +0000
<a href="#">fast-datapath.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Wed, 14 Jun 2023 05:39:15 +0000
<a href="#">jboss-cs-including-unpatched.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Tue, 13 Jun 2023 14:11:35 +0000
<a href="#">jboss-cs.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Mon, 24 Oct 2022 17:58:34 +0000
<a href="#">jboss-eap-7.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Wed, 14 Jun 2023 05:38:44 +0000
<a href="#">jboss-eap-8.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Mon, 24 Oct 2022 17:58:16 +0000
<a href="#">jboss-ws-5-including-unpatched.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Wed, 14 Jun 2023 05:45:05 +0000
<a href="#">jboss-ws-5.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Wed, 14 Jun 2023 05:38:56 +0000
<a href="#">openshift-4-including-unpatched.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Wed, 14 Jun 2023 18:08:10 +0000
<a href="#">openshift-4.12.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Wed, 14 Jun 2023 05:38:55 +0000
<a href="#">openshift-4.13.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Wed, 14 Jun 2023 05:38:46 +0000
<a href="#">openshift-service-mesh-3.0.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Fri, 10 Mar 2023 01:33:12 +0000
<a href="#">openstack-17.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Wed, 14 Jun 2023 05:38:58 +0000
<a href="#">rhel-9-including-unpatched.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Wed, 14 Jun 2023 19:22:57 +0000
<a href="#">rhel-9.0-e4s.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Wed, 14 Jun 2023 14:07:43 +0000
<a href="#">rhel-9.0-eus.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Wed, 14 Jun 2023 14:07:56 +0000
<a href="#">rhel-9.2-aus.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Wed, 14 Jun 2023 14:07:45 +0000
<a href="#">rhel-9.2-e4s.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Wed, 14 Jun 2023 14:07:47 +0000
<a href="#">rhel-9.2-eus.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Wed, 14 Jun 2023 14:07:45 +0000
<a href="#">rhel-9.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Wed, 14 Jun 2023 14:09:02 +0000
<a href="#">rhssso-including-unpatched.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Wed, 14 Jun 2023 15:07:42 +0000
<a href="#">rhssso.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Wed, 14 Jun 2023 05:39:12 +0000
<a href="#">storage-ceph-5-including-unpatched.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Wed, 14 Jun 2023 05:44:51 +0000
<a href="#">storage-ceph-5.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Wed, 14 Jun 2023 05:41:45 +0000
<a href="#">storage-ceph-6-including-unpatched.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Mon, 24 Oct 2022 18:06:24 +0000
<a href="#">storage-ceph-6.oval.xml.bz2</a>	Mon, 24 Oct 2022 17:59:19 +0000

[1] <https://access.redhat.com/security/data/cvrf/> [2] <https://www.redhat.com/security/data/oval/v2/RHEL9/>

# Git Repository



index : ubuntu-cve-tracker

[no description]

summary refs log tree commit diff

Branch
CVE-2021-37146
add-ros-esm-support
addin_nvnd_to_ubuntu_table_pkg_status
bionic-to-esm
cve_alert_nvnd_score
making_this_only_opt
master
ros-esm
the-mass-unretiring
usns
[...]

Commit message
cve file syntax
remove extra space
Adding --nvnd priority filter to ubuntu-table and pkg_status scripts
make ubuntu/bionic eol in cve_lib
Adding hability to list CVE affected packages by NVND priority
Making this_only_affected opt and fixing minor issues
scripts/report-pending-fixes: better format warning message
update supported packages for kinetic/melodic ros esm
Re-retiring CVEs after final fixes
usngrep: add reverse to --usns

Author
florcabral
florcabral
Leonidas S. Barbo
Nishit Majithia
Leonidas S. Barbo
Leonidas S. Barbo
Rodrigo Figueiredo
florcabral
Camilia Camargo d
Mark Esler

Tag
v22.10
v22.04
jammy-open
v21.10
git-conversion

Download
commit 82f0c65883...
commit a3397479bb...
commit 396cf2a3f7...
commit 53f69111bc...
commit dc3f64a0df...

Author
Steve Beattie
Steve Beattie
Steve Beattie
Steve Beattie
Steve Beattie

Age
<b>118 min.</b>
5 hours
5 hours
6 hours
6 hours
6 hours
8 hours
8 hours
9 hours
9 hours
[...]

Commit message
scripts/report-pending-fixes: better format warning message <b>HEAD</b> <b>master</b>
merge cve updates from kernel team
kernel/CVE-2021-20320: fix local fixes titles
Adds pano13's changes
updated CVE-2021-44960 priority to negligible
updated CVEs with USNs
Triage apparmor CVE-2016-1585 a bit more
kernel CVEs: update release info USN-6162-1
merge cve updates from kernel team
assign CVEs to myself

Author
Rodrigo Figueiredo
Rodrigo Figueiredo
Thadeu Lima de S
George-Andrei Iosi
elviric
Marc Deslaurliers
Alex Murray
Rodrigo Figueiredo
Rodrigo Figueiredo Zaiden
Amir Naseredini

Clone  
git://git.launchpad.net/ubuntu-cve-tracker  
git+ssh://git.launchpad.net/ubuntu-cve-tracker  
https://git.launchpad.net/ubuntu-cve-tracker

summary refs log tree commit diff

path: root/active/CVE-2023-34969

blob: 6f1bf59c03500c67a357e30eb99865e311a49a67 (plain)

```
1 Candidate: CVE-2023-34969
2 PublicDate: 2023-06-09
3 References:
4 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2023-34969
5 Description:
6 D-Bus before 1.15.6 sometimes allows unprivileged users to crash
7 dbus-daemon. If a privileged user with control over the dbus-daemon is
8 using the org.freedesktop.DBus.Monitoring interface to monitor message bus
9 traffic, then an unprivileged user with the ability to connect to the same
10 dbus-daemon can cause a dbus-daemon crash under some circumstances via an
11 unreplyable message. When done on the well-known system bus, this is a
12 denial-of-service vulnerability. The fixed versions are 1.12.28, 1.14.8,
13 and 1.15.6.
14 Ubuntu-Description:
15 Notes:
16 mdeslaur> This is only an issue if a privileged user is currently using a
17 mdeslaur> debugging tool, and only causes a DoS, so setting priority to
18 mdeslaur> low.
19 mdeslaur> 1.8.x and older are not affected.
20 Mitigation:
21 Bugs:
22 http://bugs.debian.org/cgi-bin/bugreport.cgi?bug=1037151
23 https://gitlab.freedesktop.org/dbus/dbus/-/issues/457
24 Priority: low
25 Discovered-by: hongjinghao
26 Assigned-to:
27 CVSS:
28
29 Patches dbus:
30 upstream: https://gitlab.freedesktop.org/dbus/dbus/-/merge_requests/408
31 upstream dbus: released (1.12.28,1.14.8,1.15.6)
32 trusty dbus: ignored (out of standard support)
33 trusty/esm dbus: not-affected (code not present)
34 xenial dbus: ignored (out of standard support)
35 esm-infra/xenial dbus: needed
36 bionic dbus: ignored (out of standard support)
37 esm-infra/bionic dbus: needed
38 focal dbus: needed
39 jammy dbus: needed
40 kinetic dbus: needed
41 lunar dbus: needed
42 devel dbus: needed
```

# **Appendix C:** **困った脆弱性アドバイザーサンプル集**



**NVD の情報が使えない**







# 脆弱性アドバイザーと NVD の間で影響するバージョンが異なる



IR Number	FG-IR-13-014
Date	Jul 8, 2013
Severity	●●●●● High
Impact	Security Bypass
CVE ID	CVE-2013-1414
CVRF	Download

## PSIRT Advisories

### Multiple CSRF Vulnerabilities in FortiGate

#### Summary

This field is not shown on advisory. The issue is tracked in Mantis 158276, 204901

#### Description

Multiple CSRF (Cross-Site Request Forgery) vulnerabilities exist in FortiGate because GUI pages are not protected by CSRF token. It could allow remote attackers to hijack the authentication of arbitrary users under certain conditions.

#### Affected Products

FortiGates running FortiOS 4.3.12 and prior versions, FortiGates running FortiOS 5.0.2 and prior versions

#### Solutions

Upgrade FortiGates to FortiOS version 4.3.13 or 5.0.3.

## CVE-2013-1414 Detail

### Description

Multiple cross-site request forgery (CSRF) vulnerabilities in Fortinet FortiOS on FortiGate firewall devices before 4.3.13 and 5.x before 5.0.2 allow remote attackers to hijack the authentication of administrators for requests that modify (1) settings or (2) policies, or (3) restart the device via a rebootme action to system/maintenance/shutdown.

<b>cpe:2.3:o:fortinet:fortios:4.3.10:*:*:*:*:*</b> <a href="#">Show Matching CPE(s)</a>	
<b>cpe:2.3:o:fortinet:fortios:*:*:*:*:*</b> <a href="#">Show Matching CPE(s)</a>	Up to (including) 4.3.12
<b>cpe:2.3:o:fortinet:fortios:5.0:*:*:*:*:</b> <a href="#">Show Matching CPE(s)</a>	
<b>cpe:2.3:o:fortinet:fortios:5.0.1:*:*:*:*:</b> <a href="#">Show Matching CPE(s)</a>	

[1] <https://www.fortiguard.com/psirt/FG-IR-13-014> [2] <https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2013-1414>



NVD の 15.9(3) 未満は 15.8(3)m9 などを指しているはずが、15.8(3)m9 などのレンジに対応する CPE が見つからない (= NVD では Cisco IOS 向けのバージョン比較が用意されていないため、すべて列挙するしかない

Search...

Expand All Collapse All

15.9M

- 15.9.3M7a(MD)
- 15.9.3M7(MD)
- 15.9.3M6b(MD)
- 15.9.3M6a(MD)
- 15.9.3M5(MD)
- 15.9.3M4(MD)
- 15.9.3M3(ED)
- 15.9.3M2a(ED)
- 15.9.3M2(ED)
- 15.9.3M1(ED)
- 15.9.3M(ED)

15.8

- 15.8M
- 15.8.3M9(MD)
- 15.8.3M8(MD)
- 15.8.3M7(MD)
- 15.8.3M6(MD)
- 15.8.3M5(MD)
- 15.8.3M4(MD)
- 15.8.3M3(ED)
- 15.8.3M2a(ED)

### 829 Industrial Integrated Services Routers

Release 15.9.3M7a **MD** [Related Links and Documentation](#)  
[Release Notes for 15.9\(3\)M7a](#)

[My Notifications](#)

File Information	Release Date	DRAM/FLASH
<a href="#">UNIVERSAL</a> ir800-universalk9-bundle.SPA.159-3.M7a.bin <a href="#">Advisories</a>	24-Mar-2023	512/1024
<a href="#">UNIVERSAL - NO PAYLOAD ENCRYPTION</a> ir800-universalk9_npe-bundle.SPA.159-3.M7a.bin <a href="#">Advisories</a>	24-Mar-2023	512/1024

**✖ cpe:2.3:o:cisco:829\_industrial\_integrated\_services\_router\_firmware:\*:\*:\*:\*:\* Up to (excluding) 15.9(3)**  
[Hide Matching CPE\(s\) ^](#)  
No Matching CPE(s) found in CPE Dictionary

**✖ cpe:2.3:o:cisco:829\_industrial\_integrated\_services\_router\_firmware:15.9(3)m:\*:\*:\*:\*:**  
[Show Matching CPE\(s\) v](#)

**✖ cpe:2.3:o:cisco:829\_industrial\_integrated\_services\_router\_firmware:15.9(3)m1:\*:\*:\*:\*:**  
[Show Matching CPE\(s\) v](#)

**✖ cpe:2.3:o:cisco:829\_industrial\_integrated\_services\_router\_firmware:15.9(3)m2:\*:\*:\*:\*:**  
[Show Matching CPE\(s\) v](#)

**✖ cpe:2.3:o:cisco:829\_industrial\_integrated\_services\_router\_firmware:15.9(3)m2a:\*:\*:\*:\*:**  
[Show Matching CPE\(s\) v](#)

**✖ cpe:2.3:o:cisco:829\_industrial\_integrated\_services\_router\_firmware:15.9(3)m3:\*:\*:\*:\*:**  
[Show Matching CPE\(s\) v](#)

**✖ cpe:2.3:o:cisco:829\_industrial\_integrated\_services\_router\_firmware:15.9(3)m4:\*:\*:\*:\*:**  
[Show Matching CPE\(s\) v](#)

**✖ cpe:2.3:o:cisco:829\_industrial\_integrated\_services\_router\_firmware:15.9(3)m4a:\*:\*:\*:\*:**  
[Show Matching CPE\(s\) v](#)

**✖ cpe:2.3:o:cisco:829\_industrial\_integrated\_services\_router\_firmware:15.9(3)m5:\*:\*:\*:\*:**  
[Show Matching CPE\(s\) v](#)

**✖ cpe:2.3:o:cisco:829\_industrial\_integrated\_services\_router\_firmware:15.9(3)m6a:\*:\*:\*:\*:**  
[Show Matching CPE\(s\) v](#)

**✖ cpe:2.3:o:cisco:829\_industrial\_integrated\_services\_router\_firmware:15.9(3)m6b:\*:\*:\*:\*:**  
[Show Matching CPE\(s\) v](#)

**Running on/with**

**cpe:2.3:h:cisco:829\_industrial\_integrated\_services\_router:\*:\*:\*:\*:\***  
[Show Matching CPE\(s\) v](#)

## 同じ製品を指す表現が複数ある

### 🔍 Search Results [\(Refine Search\)](#)

#### Search Parameters:

- Keyword: fortigate 1100
- CPE Status: FINAL
- CPE Naming Format: 2.3

There are **2** matching records.

Vendor	Product	Version	Update	Edition	Language
<a href="#">cpe:2.3:h:fortinet:fortigate_1100e:-:*:*:*:*:*</a> <a href="#">View CVEs</a> fortinet	fortigate_1100e	-			
<a href="#">cpe:2.3:h:fortinet:fortigate-1100e:-:*:*:*:*:*</a> <a href="#">View CVEs</a> fortinet	fortigate-1100e	-			

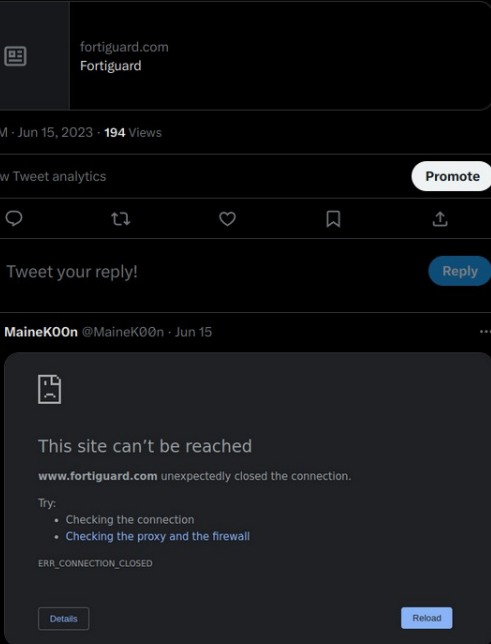


# 脆弱性アドバイザリへのアクセス



# 脆弱性アドバイザリへ安定的にアクセスできない

**MaineK00n** @MaineK00n  
fortiguard.com/psirt が開けねえ  
Translate Tweet



1:48 AM · Jun 15, 2023 · 194 Views

View Tweet analytics **Promote**

Tweet your reply! **Reply**

**MaineK00n** @MaineK00n · Jun 15

85

**白瀬 観月** @Mitsuki\_Shirase  
CVE-2023-27997 (FG-IR-23-097)、昨日時点では FortiOS v6.2.0 - v6.2.13 は対象に入らなかったけど、今日更新されて対象に入ってんね。  
あと現時点で Fortiguard 繋がらない(´ω´)  
Translate Tweet



5:58 PM · Jun 14, 2023 · 293 Views

**RYOSUKE MATSUKAWA** @matsukawar  
fortiguard.com が落ちて使えないし、ドキュメントも落ちてる。大丈夫ですかねこれ。先週からですよ。  
Translate Tweet



7:24 PM · Jun 19, 2023 · 37 Views

**@ytez**  
fortiguard サーバお亡くなり？アクセス過多かな  
Translate Tweet

13:39 4G 85

Done **fortiguard.com** AA ↻

```
upstream connect error or disconnect/reset before headers. reset reason: connection failure
```

**@ytez** · Jun 13  
CVSSv3 9.2 の脆弱性きたぞい  
FortiOS and FortiProxy SSL-VPN may allow a remote attacker to execute arbitrary code or commands via specifically crafted requests. fortiguard.com/psirt/FG-IR-23-...

1:40 PM · Jun 14, 2023 · 310 Views

2 Likes

Tweet your reply! **Reply**

**@ytez** · Jun 14  
503 だな

52

# 脆弱性アドバイザリがエラーでアクセスできない

Home / PSIRT / FG-IR-012-001



IR Number	FG-IR-012-001
Date	Feb 1, 2012
Risk	● ● ● ● ●
Impact	Information Disclosure
CVE ID	CVE-2012-0941
CVRF	Download

## PSIRT Advisories

### Potential Information Disclosure Vulnerability in FortiGate

#### Summary

On January 27, 2012, vulnerability-lab.com publicly released news of discovered vulnerabilities discovered in FortiGate UTM WAF Appliances platforms.

#### Description

On January 27, 2012, vulnerability-lab.com publicly released news of discovered vulnerabilities discovered in FortiGate UTM WAF Appliances platforms.

#### Impact Detail

Based on limited information provided, Fortinet believes they have identified areas within the administrative GUI which could be considered vulnerable to activity conducted by malicious administrators, or expected behaviour when administering affected FortiGates from compromised hosts.

#### Affected Products

Versions of FortiGate appliances believed to be affected include FortiOS v4.3 through FOS 4.3.5. At this time, there is no knowledge of other Fortinet offerings being affected, although precautionary measures are being taken to prevent similar occurrences.

#### Solutions

Fortinet is working towards an updated firmware release to address the issues.

These issues will be fixed in FortiOS 4.3.6 and higher.

**Update March 26, 2012:** FortiOS 4.3.6 is now available. Firmware images can be obtained from <https://support.fortinet.com>.

The following precautions are also recommended:

- Ensure all GUI sessions use encryption (via HTTPS);
- Configure the FortiGate to only allow GUI admin access from trusted hosts or networks;
- If administrative access to FortiGates is required from untrusted hosts, SSH access is recommended as SSH is not affected;
- Refrain from administering FortiGate appliances from untrusted or shared computers.

For more information, customers are encouraged to contact Customer Support at [support@fortinet.com](mailto:support@fortinet.com)

#### References

- Vulnerability Research Laboratory (VL-ID 144)
- Secunia Advisory SAA7693
- Security Focus (S1708)
- IBM ISS (72761)

FortiGuard Labs  
FORTINET

NEWS / RESEARCH SERVICES THREAT LOOKUP PSIRT RESOURCES

## Invalid Parameters

The options provided are not valid. We recommend either [heading back to the front page](#) or going back to the previous page to try again.

FortiGuard Labs  
FORTINET

NEWS / RESEARCH SERVICES THREAT LOOKUP PSIRT RESOURCES

Home / PSIRT



Refine  
RESET

PSIRTs (1)

Filter by Date:

All

2012

February (1)

Filter by Severity Level:

All ● ● ● ● ● (0)

Critical ● ● ● ● ● (0)

High ● ● ● ● ● (0)

Medium ● ● ● ● ● (1)

Low ● ● ● ● ● (1)

Informational ● ● ● ● ● (0)

## PSIRT Advisories

### Monthly PSIRT Advisories

- 2023: Jun , May , Apr , Mar , Feb , Jan
- 2022: Dec , Nov , Sep , Aug , Jul , Jun , May , Apr , Mar , Feb
- 2021: Dec , Nov , Oct , Sep , Aug , Jul , Jun , May , Apr , Mar , Feb , Jan
- 2020: Dec

The following is a list of advisories for issues resolved in Fortinet products. The resolution of such issues is coordinated by the Fortinet Product Security Incident Response Team (PSIRT), a dedicated, global team that manages the receipt, investigation, and public reporting of information about security vulnerabilities and issues related to Fortinet products and services.

For details of how to raise a PSIRT issue with Fortinet, please see our [PSIRT Policy](#) here.

### Potential Information Disclosure Vulnerability in FortiGate

On January 27, 2012, vulnerability-lab.com publicly released news of discovered vulnerabilities discovered in FortiGate UT...

Feb 01, 2012 Severity ● ● ● ● ● Low IR Number: FG-IR-012-001 CVE-2012-0941



# 定期的な取得とページネーションの相性が悪い

Channel Type Clear ^

- Security Advisories (1,011)
- Knowledge Base (8,162)
- Technical Bulletins (783)

Severity Level ^

- Critical (120)
- High (448)
- Low (37)
- Medium (352)
- None (39)

Category Group ^

- EOS (220)
- OS (617)
- Product (070)

Channel Type: Security Advisories x

Clear All Filters

Results 1-100 of 1,011 in 0.49 seconds

RELEVANCE DATE v



## 2023-06 Out-of-Cycle Security Bulletin: Junos OS and Junos OS Evolved: A BGP session will flap upon receipt of a specific, optional transitive attribute (CVE-2023-0026)

2023-06-21



All versions prior to 20.4R3-S8-EVO;21.1 version 21.1R1-EVO and later versions prior to 21.2R3-S6-EVO;21. ... Juniper considers configuring this option to be a Best Common Practice (BCP) as it ...  
Article Id: JSA71542



## 2023-01 Security Bulletin: Junos Space: Multiple vulnerabilities resolved in 22.3R1 release

2023-05-22



Note: This vulnerability applies to Java deployments, typically in clients running ... CVSS 3.1 Base Score 5.3 (Availability impacts). ...  
CVSS 3.1 Base Score 3.7 (Integrity impacts).  
Article Id: JSA70185

Article Id: JSA69892



## 2022-10 Security Bulletin: Junos OS: EX2300 and EX3400 Series: One of more SFPs might become unavailable when the system is very busy (CVE-2022-22234)

2022-10-12



This issue affects Juniper Networks Junos OS on EX2300 Series and EX3400 Series: ... IMPLEMENTATION: Software Releases, patches and updates are available at <https://support.juniper.net/> ...  
Article Id: JSA69890



## 2022-10 Security Bulletin: SBR Carrier: Multiple Vulnerabilities resolved in version 8.6.0R16 64-bit Solaris and Linux editions

2022-10-12



Many EC algorithms are affected, including some of the TLS 1.3 default curves. ... It will be made available in 1.0.2zc when it is released. ... This makes the MAC key trivially predictable.  
Article Id: JSA69881

1 2 3 4 5 >

Results per page 10 25 50 100



# HTML や PDF のみの提供のため、安定した情報収集が難しい

## Security Advisory 0007



Date: October 20th 2014

Revision	Date	Changes
1.0	October 20th 2014	Initial release

### SSLv3 is vulnerable to potential man in the middle attacks (CVE-2014-3566)

On October 14th, Arista became aware of a vulnerability in the Secure Sockets Layer version 3 (SSLv3) protocol which has been assigned CVE-2014-3566 and commonly referred to as "POODLE". POODLE stands for Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption. This vulnerability allows a man-in-the-middle attacker to decrypt cipher text using a padding oracle side-channel attack. More details are available in the public advisory.

Current clients negotiate TLS by default, but they may fall back to SSLv3 if the negotiation to use TLS has failed. An attacker performing an MITM attack could trigger a protocol downgrade to SSLv3 and by exploiting this vulnerability decrypt a subset of the communication.

This affects the versions of SSLv3 protocol that was used in EOS version 4.12.0 through 4.12.7.1 and 4.13.0 through 4.13.6. Other versions of EOS are not affected. Additionally this vulnerability only affects systems with Arista eAPI enabled with https transport.

Exploiting this vulnerability is not easily accomplished. Man-in-the-middle attacks require large amounts of time and resources. While the likelihood is low, Arista recommends implementing only TLS to avoid flaws in SSL. The latest releases of EOS include patches for this vulnerability. A software patch (RPM extension) is available that addresses the vulnerability for releases that are affected as below:

Releases affected	Releases not affected	Releases fixed
4.12.0 through 4.12.7.1	4.10.x all releases	4.12.8 or later
4.13.0 through 4.13.6	4.11.x all releases	4.13.7 or later
	Earlier releases are unaffected	4.14.0 or later

BugID 83779 addresses the issue.

All models of the Arista 7000 Series of fixed and modular systems are affected.

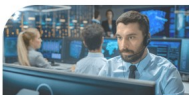


# 脆弱性アドバイザリの表現・解釈



# Web版と CVRF/CSAF で記述が異なる

CVRF (=Web版 アドバイザリ本文) にはないプロダクトが Web版サイドバーで列挙されている



## PSIRT Advisories

### OpenSSL Security Advisory [26 Jan 2017]

IR	FG-IR-17-019
Number	
Date	Jul 13, 2018
Severity	●●●●● Medium
CVSSv3	5.3
Score	
Impact	Denial of Service
CVE ID	CVE-2016-7055
Affected Products	FortiWeb : 5.7.0 FortiVoiceEnterprise : 5.3.4 FortiDB : 5.1.1 FortiClientMac : 5.4.2 FortiClientEMS : 1.0.3 FortiClientAndroid : 5.4.0 FortiSandbox : 2.3.3 FortiAnalyzer : 5.4.2, 5.2.10 FortiMail : 5.3.8, 5.2.9 FortiSwitch : 3.5.0 FortiDDoS : 4.3.0 FortiClientIOS : 5.4.3 AscenLink : 7.2.18 FortiTester : 2.8.0 FortiTokenAndroid : 3.0.4 FortiADC : 4.7.1 FortiWAN : 4.3.1 FortiClientWindows : 5.4.2 FortiOS : 5.4.5, 5.2.9, 5.2.8, 5.2.7, 5.2.6, 5.2.5, 5.2.4, 5.2.3, 5.2.2, 5.2.12, 5.2.11, 5.2.10, 5.2.1, 5.2.0, 5.0.9, 5.0.8, 5.0.7, 5.0.6, 5.0.5, 5.0.4, 5.0.3, 5.0.2, 5.0.14, 5.0.13, 5.0.12, 5.0.11, 5.0.10, 5.0.1, 5.0.0 FortiVoice : 5.2.2 FortiCache : 4.1.5, 0.4.20 FortiManager : 5.4.2, 5.2.10 FSSO (all dist) : 5.0.254 FortiRecorder : 2.5.1, 2.4.3 FortiAP : 5.4.1 SSL_VPN : 4.0.2328 FortiTokenIOS : 3.0.5
CVRF	Download

### Summary

The OpenSSL project released an advisory on Jan 26th, 2017, describing 3 Moderate, 1 Low severity vulnerabilities, as listed below:  
CVE-2017-3731: Truncated packet could crash via OOB read  
CVE-2017-3730: Bad (EC)DHE parameters cause a client crash  
CVE-2017-3732: BN\_mod\_exp may produce incorrect results on x86\_64  
CVE-2016-7055: Montgomery multiplication may produce incorrect results

### Affected Products

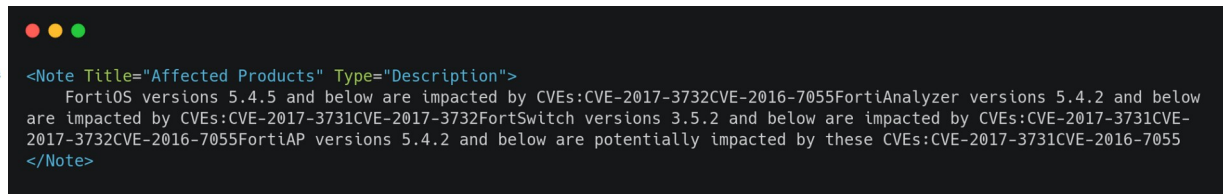
FortiOS versions 5.4.5 and below are impacted by CVEs:  
CVE-2017-3732  
CVE-2016-7055  
FortiAnalyzer versions 5.4.2 and below are impacted by CVEs:  
CVE-2017-3731  
CVE-2017-3732  
FortiSwitch versions 3.5.2 and below are impacted by CVEs:  
CVE-2017-3731  
CVE-2017-3732  
CVE-2016-7055  
FortiAP versions 5.4.2 and below are potentially impacted by these CVEs:  
CVE-2017-3731  
CVE-2016-7055

### Solutions

For FortiOS: Upgrade to firmware version at least 5.4.6, 5.6.0  
For FortiAnalyzer: Upgrade to firmware version at least 5.4.3 or 5.6.0  
For FortiSwitch: Upgrade to firmware version at least 3.5.3 or 3.6.0  
For FortiAP: Upgrade to firmware version at least 5.4.3 or 5.6.0

### References

- <https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20170126.txt>



# CVRF/CSAFの仕様を満たしていない (e.g. 1 vulnerability : n CVE になっている)

## 2.2.10 Vulnerability CVE Type Model

Vulnerability measures given as defined in the MITRE standard Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures (CVE) model and are expected to be in a specific form to enhance interoperability.

« The CVE value MUST be completely matched by the following regular expression:

CVE- [0-9\ - ]+

» [CSAF-2.2.10-1]

## 6.8 Vulnerability – CVE

### Element vuln:CVE

« The vuln:CVE element MUST be present zero or one time in any vuln:Vulnerability and if present its value holds the MITRE standard Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures (CVE) tracking number for the vulnerability and this value MUST match the pattern documented in section 2.2.10 Vulnerability CVE Type Model. » [CSAF-6.8-1]

### Non-normative comment:

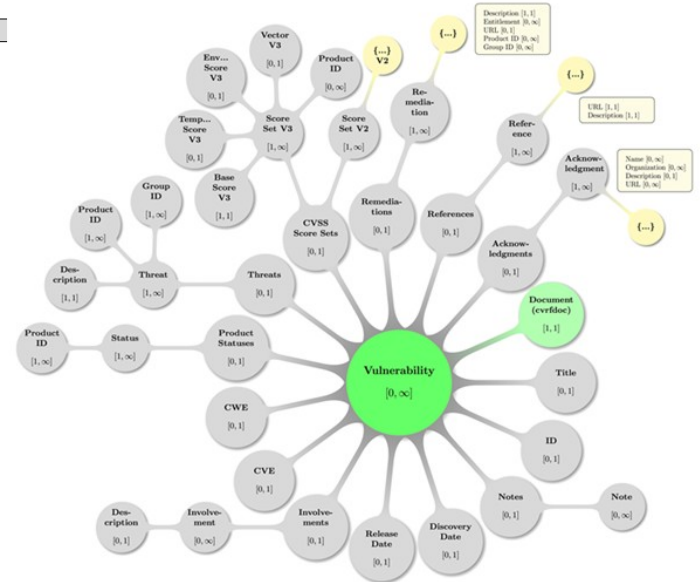
CVE is a standard for vulnerability naming that provides improved tracking of vulnerabilities over time across different reporting sources. More information about CVE domain values can be found in section 2.2.10 Vulnerability CVE Type Model.

Example 56:

```
<CVE>CVE-2019-3864</CVE>
```

```
<Vulnerability xmlns="http://docs.oasis-open.org/csaf/ns/csaf-cvrf/v1.2/vuln">  
  <CVE>CVE-2014-2721 password issue</CVE>  
  <CVE>CVE-&lt;br /&gt;2014-2722 key issue</CVE>  
  <CVE>CVE-&lt;br /&gt;2014-2723 permission issue</CVE>  
</Vulnerability>
```

```
<Vulnerability xmlns="http://docs.oasis-open.org/csaf/ns/csaf-cvrf/v1.2/vuln">  
  <CVE>CVE-2020-11896 to 2020-11914</CVE>  
</Vulnerability>
```



## CVRF/CSAF の適したフィールドを利用しない

### Product Tree を利用するのではなく、Notes にすべて書いてしまっている

#### 6.10.1.1 Vulnerability – Product Statuses – Status – Product ID

##### Element vuln:ProductID

« The vuln:ProductID element MUST be present one or more times inside a vuln:Status element and defines a product as having the status defined in the parent element's Type attribute. » [CSAF-6.10.1.1-1]

The reference is made via value by using the unique ProductID attribute of a Full Product Name element that is defined in the Product Tree.

« A single Product ID MUST not be assigned more than one status type within the same Vulnerability. » [CSAF-6.10.1.1-2]

Example 59:

The three products "Microsoft Windows Vista (RTM)", "Microsoft Windows Vista Service Pack 1", and "Microsoft Windows Vista Service Pack 2" have been defined in the product tree as follows:

```
<ProductTree>
  <FullProductName ProductID="CVRFPID-0000">
    Microsoft Windows Vista (RTM)
  </FullProductName>
  <FullProductName ProductID="CVRFPID-0001">
    Microsoft Windows Vista Service Pack 1
  </FullProductName>
  <FullProductName ProductID="CVRFPID-0002">
    Microsoft Windows Vista Service Pack 2
  </FullProductName>
</ProductTree>
```

If Windows Vista RTM and Service Pack 1 are known to be affected, and Service Pack 2 is known not to be affected, it can be documented as follows:

```
<Vulnerability Ordinal="1">
  <Product Statuses>
    <Status Type="KnownAffected">
      <ProductID>CVRFPID-0000</ProductID>
      <ProductID>CVRFPID-0001</ProductID>
    </Status>
    <Status Type="KnownNotAffected">
      <ProductID>CVRFPID-0002</ProductID>
    </Status>
  </Product Statuses>
</Vulnerability>
```



```
<Note Title="Affected Products" Type="Description">
```

```
FortiADC version 7.2.0 FortiADC version 7.1.0 through 7.1.2 FortiADC 7.0 all versions FortiADC
6.2 all versions FortiADC 6.1 all versions FortiADC 6.0 all versions FortiADC 5.4 all versions
FortiADC 5.3 all versions FortiADC 5.2 all versions At least FortiADCManager version 7.1.0
FortiADCManager version 7.0.0 FortiADCManager 6.2 all versions FortiADCManager 6.1 all versions
FortiADCManager 6.0 all versions FortiADCManager 5.4 all versions FortiADCManager 5.3 all
versions FortiADCManager 5.2 all versions
```

```
</Note>
```

```
<Note Title="Solutions" Type="Description">
```

```
Please upgrade to FortiADC version 7.2.1 or above Please upgrade to FortiADC version 7.1.3 or
above Please upgrade to FortiADCManager version 7.2.0 or above Please upgrade to FortiADCManager
version 7.1.1 or above Please upgrade to FortiADCManager version 7.0.1 or above
```

```
</Note>
```

## アドバイザーごとに異なるバージョン記述

機械的にプロダクトとバージョンの組み合わせを作ることが難しい

### Affected Products

FortiExtender version 7.0.0 through 7.0.3

FortiExtender version 4.2.0 through 4.2.4

FortiExtender version 4.1.1 through 4.1.8

FortiExtender version 4.0.0 through 4.0.2

FortiExtender version 3.3.0 through 3.3.2

FortiExtender version 3.2.1 through 3.2.3

FortiExtender 5.3 all versions

FortiExtender 3.1 all versions

FortiExtender 3.0 all versions

### Affected Products

FortiOS 6.0.0 to 6.0.4

FortiOS 5.6.0 to 5.6.7

FortiOS 5.4.0 to 5.4.12

FortiOS 5.2 branch and below

### Affected Products

The Reflected XSS impacts FortiWeb versions between 5.0.0 and 5.3.4 included.

The OS command injection and the password field with autocomplete enabled impact all supported FortiWeb versions lower than 5.3.5.

### Affected Products

FortiGates running FortiOS 4.3.12 and prior versions, FortiGates running FortiOS 5.0.2 and prior versions

### Affected Products

FortiGate (FortiOS):

4.3.8 and below

4.2.12 and below

4.1.10 and below

FortiSwitch:

3.4.2 and below

### Affected Products

FortiManager 5.2.0 to 5.2.7, 5.4.0 and 5.4.1

### Affected Products

FortiManager and FortiAnalyzer < version 5.0.7

Affected Products

Some FortiGate units are affected. The following lists affected FortiOS units and versions, along with release status:

- v4.2 - FortiGate 60C Units Only
  - Release TBA
- v4.3 - All FortiGate Units < v4.3.8
  - Fix in v4.3.9, Released 8/20/2012
- v5.0 Beta - All FortiGate Units
  - Fix in Beta 6, Release Scheduled 8/23/2012

### Affected Products

FortiMail

5.0.0 -> 5.2.9,

5.3.0 -> 5.3.8

### Affected Products

FortiManager/FortiAnalyzer: 5.0.0 - 5.0.11, 5.2.0 - 5.2.5

### Affected Products

FortiManager: 5.0.0 - 5.0.11, 5.2.0 - 5.2.5

FortiAnalyzer: 5.0.0 - 5.0.12, 5.2.0 - 5.2.5

## 影響するバージョンはどこからどこまで？

### Affected Products

FortiOS with CAPWAP enabled:

5.2.2 and below

5.0.11 and below

### Solutions

Upgrade FortiOS to the following versions:

5.4.0

5.2.3

5.0.12

Affected Products から複数の解釈ができる  
特に Solution を考慮しても、2 と 3 を選べない

1.  $\leq 5.0.11, \leq 5.2.2$
2.  $\leq 5.0.11, \geq 5.2.0, \leq 5.2.2$
3.  $\geq 5.0.0, \leq 5.0.11, \geq 5.2.0, \leq 5.2.2$

# 同じプロダクトに対して、影響・修正バージョンが複数定義されている

## Affected Products

FortiAnalyzer versions 5.4.1, 5.4.0, 5.2.9 and below are impacted by CVEs:

- \* 2016-2177
- \* 2016-2178
- \* 2016-2179
- \* 2016-2181
- \* 2016-2182
- \* 2016-2183
- \* 2016-6302
- \* 2016-6303
- \* 2016-6304
- \* 2016-6305
- \* 2016-6306
- \* 2016-6307
- \* 2016-6308

FortiAnalyzer version 5.4.0 through 5.4.1

FortiAnalyzer version 5.2.0 through 5.2.9

FortiAnalyzer version 5.0.0 through 5.0.13

FortiAnalyzer version 4.3.0 through 4.3.8

FortiAnalyzer version 4.2.0 through 4.2.6

FortiAnalyzer version 4.1.0 through 4.1.5

FortiAnalyzer version 4.0.0 through 4.0.4

## Solutions

Please upgrade to FortiAnalyzer version 5.2.10 or 5.4.2 or 5.6.0

Please upgrade to FortiAnalyzer version 5.4.2

Please upgrade to FortiAnalyzer version 5.2.10

影響バージョンと修正バージョンで同じバージョンを指している

5.4.2 は affected or fixed ?

## Affected Products

FortiAP-W2 version 5.4.0 through 5.4.2

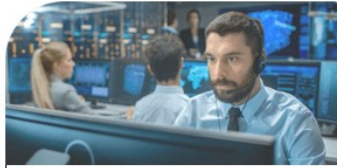
## Solutions

Please upgrade to FortiAP-W2 version 5.4.2



存在しないと思われるバージョンを参照している

FortiExtender 5.3 all versions と書いてあり、サイドバーには5.3.2が列挙されているが、ドキュメントでは5.3は存在しないように見える



IR Number	FG-IR-22-048
Date	Feb 16, 2023
Severity	●●●●● High
CVSSv3 Score	7
Impact	Execute unauthorized code or commands
CVE ID	CVE-2022-27489
Affected Products	FortiExtender : 7.0.3, 7.0.2, 7.0.1, 7.0.0, 5.3.2, 4.2.4, 4.2.3, 4.2.2, 4.2.1, 4.2.0, 4.1.8, 4.1.7, 4.1.6, 4.1.5, 4.1.4, 4.1.3, 4.1.2, 4.1.1, 4.0.2, 4.0.1, 4.0.0, 3.3.2, 3.3.1, 3.3.0, 3.2.3, 3.2.2, 3.2.1, 3.1.2, 3.1.1, 3.1.0, 3.0.2, 3.0.1, 3.0.0

## PSIRT Advisories

### FortiExtender - multiple command injection vulnerabilities in webserver

#### Summary

An improper neutralization of special elements used in an OS command vulnerability [CWE-78] in the webserver of FortiExtender may allow a privileged attacker to execute arbitrary OS commands via specially crafted input parameters.

#### Affected Products

- FortiExtender version 7.0.0 through 7.0.3
- FortiExtender version 4.2.0 through 4.2.4
- FortiExtender version 4.1.1 through 4.1.8
- FortiExtender version 4.0.0 through 4.0.2
- FortiExtender version 3.3.0 through 3.3.2
- FortiExtender version 3.2.1 through 3.2.3
- FortiExtender 5.3 all versions
- FortiExtender 3.1 all versions
- FortiExtender 3.0 all versions



### FortiExtender

Select version: 7.4 7.2 7.0 Legacy

Search in Product Looku ch Hard

#### Other

There are no documents to display on this page, please check soon!

Fortinet

FortiGuard

- 4.2
- 4.1
- 4.0
- 3.3
- 3.2
- 3.1
- 3.0
- 2.0
- 1.0

対象となるプロダクトが具体的に書かれていない

> Products that allows PKC#12 certificate to be imported by an administrator user may be impacted by CVE-2015-289.

#### Affected Products

FortiADC may be impacted by CVE-2015-0285 and CVE-2015-0291.

FortiOS 5.0.11 and 5.2.3 may be impacted by CVE-2015-0286 when the SSLVPN feature with a PKI user and client certificate is used.

FortiClient may be impacted by CVE-2015-289 and CVE-2015-0292.

Products that allows PKC#12 certificate to be imported by an administrator user may be impacted by CVE-2015-289.

Additionally:

CVE-2015-0207: no product impacted

CVE-2015-0208: no product impacted

CVE-2015-0209: no product impacted

CVE-2015-0287: no product impacted

CVE-2015-0288: no product impacted

CVE-2015-0290: no product impacted

CVE-2015-0293: no product impacted

CVE-2015-1787: no product impacted

#### Solutions


Regardless the exploitability (or lack thereof), all products embedding a vulnerable version of OpenSSL will be updated. The following list includes the products version that will embed a patched OpenSSL release:

- FortiOS: 5.0.12 / 5.2.4 or above
- FortiManager: 5.0.11 / 5.2.2 or above
- FortiAnalyzer: 5.0.11 / 5.2.2 or above
- FortiMail: 4.3.10 / 5.0.9 / 5.1.6 / 5.2.4 or above
- FortiWeb: 5.3.5 or above
- FortiAuthenticator: 3.3.1 / 4.0 or above
- FortiClient: Windows/MAC 5.2.4, Android 5.2.6, iOS 5.2.1 or above
- FortiRecorder: 2.0.1 / 2.1.1 or above
- FortiVoice Enterprise: 3.0.6 / 4.0.1 / 4.1.0 or above
- AscenLink: 7.2.3 or above
- FortiADC: 4.2.2 or above
- FortiAP: 5.2.4 or above

どの CVE を割り当てるべきか、公式アドバイザーだけでは完結しない

(e.g. アドバイザリに複数の CVE が紐づく場合、CVRF を見る必要あり。

さらに、公式 Description と NVD を比較して、item 1-2, item 3-4 へ CVE を割り当てる必要がある



IR Number	FG-IR-15-022
Date	Sep 24, 2015
Severity	●●●●● Medium
Impact	XSS
CVE ID	CVE-2015-8037
CVRF	Download

## PSIRT Advisories

### Multiple XSS vulnerabilities in FortiManager GUI

#### Description

The Graphical User Interface (GUI) of FortiManager v5.2.2 is vulnerable to two reflected Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) vulnerabilities.

2 potential XSS vectors were identified:

\* XSS vulnerability in SOMVpnSSLPortalDialog.

\* XSS vulnerability in FGDMngUpdHistory.

The Graphical User Interface (GUI) of FortiManager v5.2.3 is vulnerable to one reflected XSS vulnerability and one stored XSS vulnerability.

2 potential XSS vectors were identified:

\* XSS vulnerability in sharedjobmanager.

\* XSS vulnerability in SOMServiceObjDialog.

#### Impact Detail

A remote attacker may be able to execute arbitrary code in the security context of an authenticated user's browser session.

#### Affected Products

XSS items 1-2: FortiManager v5.2.2 or earlier. XSS items 3-4: FortiManager v5.2.3 or earlier.

```
<DocumentTitle>Multiple XSS vulnerabilities in FortiManager GUI</DocumentTitle>
<DocumentType>Fortinet PSIRT Advisories</DocumentType>
<DocumentTracking>
  <Identification>
    <ID>FG-IR-15-022</ID>
  </Identification>
</DocumentTracking>
<Vulnerability xmlns="http://docs.oasis-open.org/csaf/ns/csaf-cvrf/v1.2/vuln">
  <CVE>CVE-2015-8037</CVE>
  <CVE>CVE-2015-8038</CVE>
</Vulnerability>
```

### CVE-2015-8037 Detail

#### Description

Multiple cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerabilities in the Graphical User Interface (GUI) in Fortinet FortiManager before 5.2.4 allow remote attackers to inject arbitrary web script or HTML via the (1) SOMVpnSSLPortalDialog or (2) FGDMngUpdHistory.

### CVE-2015-8038 Detail

#### Description

Multiple cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerabilities in the Graphical User Interface (GUI) in Fortinet FortiManager before 5.2.4 allow remote attackers to inject arbitrary web script or HTML via the (1) sharedjobmanager or (2) SOMServiceObjDialog.

# Appendix D:

## プロダクトの表現



## ● CPE: Common Platform Enumeration

- <https://cpe.mitre.org/specification/>
- application, operating system, hardware や vendor, product, version など表現できる

## ● PURL: Package URL

- <https://github.com/package-url/purl-spec>
- ソフトウェア向け

## ● SWID: Software ID

- <https://nvd.nist.gov/products/swid>
- PURL で表現できないようなパッケージマネージャを使わないプロプライエタリなソフトウェアを識別する

## ● SWHID: Software Heritage IDs

- <https://www.softwareheritage.org/>
- パッケージマネージャで利用できなくなったレガシーソフトウェアを識別する

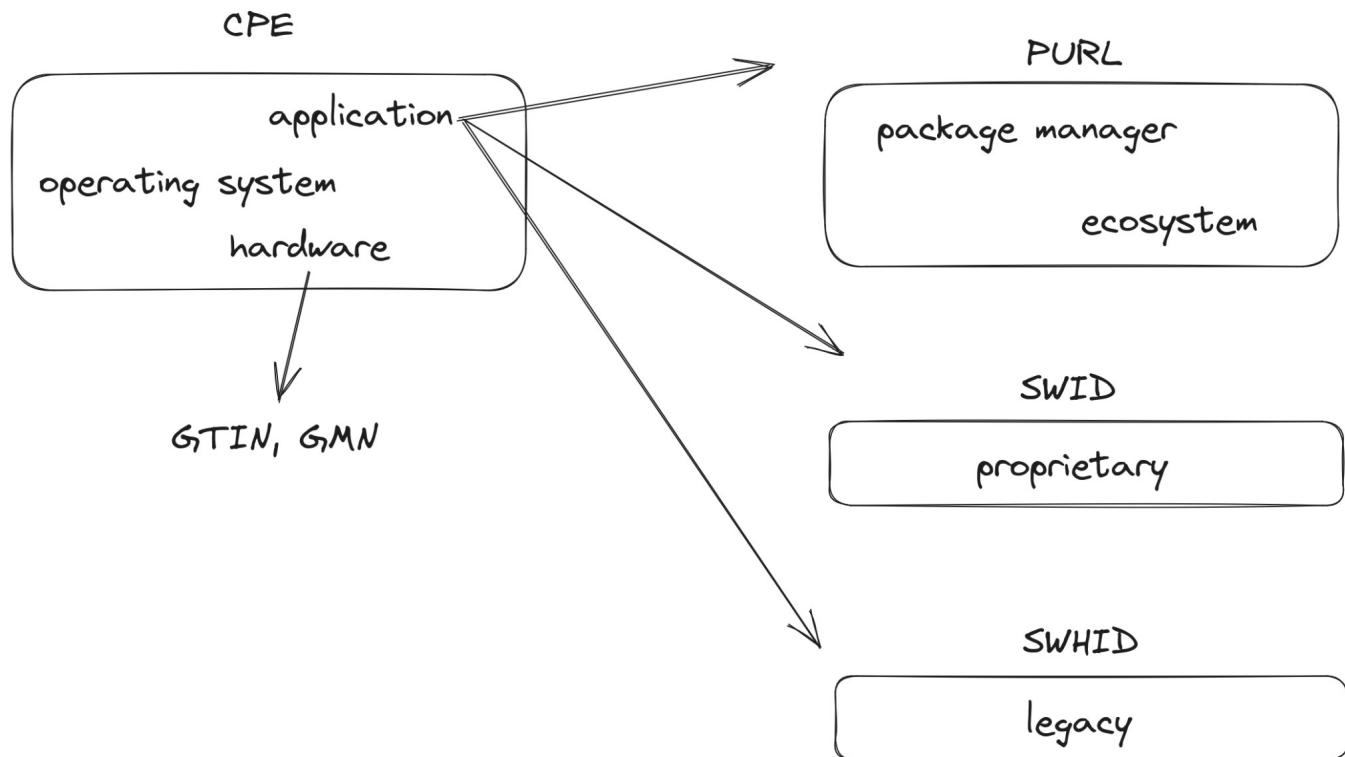
## ● GTIN: Global Trade Identification Number

- <https://www.gs1.org/standards/id-keys/gtin>
- ハードウェア向け

## ● GMN: Global Model Number

- <https://www.gs1.org/standards/id-keys/global-model-number-gmn>
- 1つのGMNに複数のGTINを紐付けることができる

CPEはappやos、hwを広く表現できるが、naming problemなどの課題が認識されている。  
そのため、最近ではCPEではなく表現したいものにあつた識別子を利用したいという流れがある



# CPE とは

CVSS（BaseScore でよく使われている仕組み）で、ハードウェアやソフトウェアを識別するための共通の名称基準のこと。

## CPE Names

Version 2.3: `cpe:2.3:o:cisco:ios:15.1(2)s2:****:*`

Version 2.2: `cpe:o:cisco:ios:15.1%282%29s2`

[Read information about CPE Name encoding](#)

## QUICK INFO

Created On: 08/23/2016

Last Modified On: 08/23/2016

## CPE NAME COMPONENTS SELECT A COMPONENT TO SEARCH FOR SIMILAR CPES

Part: o

Vendor: cisco

Product: ios

Version: 15.1(2)s2

## Metadata

Titles: Text

Locale

Cisco IOS 15.1(2)S2

en\_US

# **Appendix E:** **脆弱性情報とプロダクトの紐付け**





## ● OVAL

- <https://oval.mitre.org/>
- レンジ、OS on HW が表現できる

## ● CVRF/CSAF

- <http://docs.oasis-open.org/csaf/csaf-cvrf/v1.2/csaf-cvrf-v1.2.html>
- <http://docs.oasis-open.org/csaf/csaf/v2.0/csaf-v2.0.html>
- Product Tree で列挙する形のためレンジの表現が難しいが、OS on HW を表現できる

## ● VEX

- <https://www.cisa.gov/sites/default/files/2023-04/minimum-requirements-for-vex-508c.pdf>
- OS on HW, Version を ID にしてそれを参照する形？

## ● MITRE CVE

- <https://cveproject.github.io/cve-schema/schema/v5.0/docs/>
- レンジ (lt, le のみ) が表現できる、OS on HW は表現できない？

## ● NVD

- [https://csrc.nist.gov/schema/nvd/feed/1.1/nvd\\_cve\\_feed\\_json\\_1.1.schema](https://csrc.nist.gov/schema/nvd/feed/1.1/nvd_cve_feed_json_1.1.schema)
- レンジ、OS on HW が表現できる
- 脆弱性情報とプロダクトの紐付けに CPE を利用している

## ● OSV

- <https://ossf.github.io/osv-schema/>
- レンジは表現できるが、OS on HW は難しそう？